

fourth
edition

English File

Advanced
Workbook

e-book

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Contents

1

- 4 **A** We are family
- 7 **B** A job for life?
- 10 **Colloquial English** 1 Talking about...work and family
- 11 Can you remember...? 1

2

- 12 **A** Do you remember...?
- 15 **B** On the tip of my tongue

3

- 18 **A** A love-hate relationship
- 21 **B** Dramatic licence
- 24 **Colloquial English** 2&3 Talking about...history
- 25 Can you remember...? 1–3

4

- 26 **A** An open book
- 29 **B** The sound of silence

5

- 32 **A** No time for anything
- 35 **B** Not for profit?
- 38 **Colloquial English** 4&5 Talking about...stress and relaxation
- 39 Can you remember...? 1–5

6

- 40 **A** Help, I need somebody!
- 43 **B** Can't give it up

7

- 46 **A** As a matter of fact...
- 49 **B** A masterpiece?
- 52 **Colloquial English** 6&7 Talking about...illustration
- 53 Can you remember...? 1–7

8

- 54 **A** The best medicine?
- 57 **B** A 'must-see' attraction

9

- 60 **A** Pet hates
- 63 **B** How to cook, how to eat
- 66 **Colloquial English** 8&9 Talking about...insects and animals
- 67 Can you remember...? 1–9

10

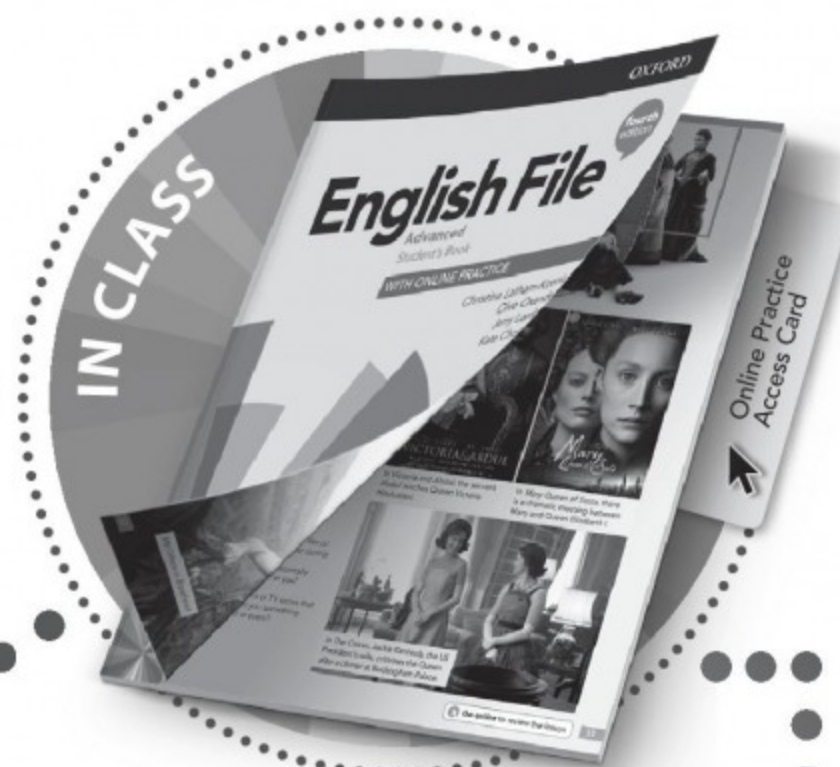
- 68 **A** On your marks, set, go!
- 71 **B** No direction home

How to use your Workbook and Online Practice

English File^{fourth edition}

Student's Book

Use your Student's Book in class with your teacher.



ACTIVITIES AUDIO VIDEO RESOURCES



ONLINE

Go to **englishfileonline.com** and use the code on your Access Card to log into the Online Practice.

Workbook

Practise **Grammar**, **Vocabulary**, and **Pronunciation** for every lesson.

Practise the **Colloquial English** for every episode.

Do the **Can you remember...?** exercises to check that you remember the Grammar and Vocabulary every two Files.

Online Practice

Look again at the Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation from the Student's Book before you do the Workbook exercises.

Listen to the audio for the Pronunciation exercises.

Use the Sound Bank videos to practise English sounds.

Watch the Colloquial English videos before you do the exercises.

Use the interactive video for more Colloquial English practice.

Look again at the Grammar and Vocabulary if you have any problems.

Practise Reading, Listening, Speaking, and Writing.

1 VOCABULARY FROM LISTENING

Match the sentence halves.



- 1 Successful parents have **shared** b
 - 2 The **ill-fated** _____
 - 3 The fact that he had an alibi **conclusively** _____
 - 4 The manager remains **strongly** _____
 - 5 During the storm, many climbers **sought** _____
 - 6 The report contained a **damning** _____
 - 7 Oliver got up **in the dead** _____
- a **of night** and crept out of the house.
 b ~~beliefs~~ about how to bring up their children.
 c **opposed to** the idea of taking on any more staff.
 d **disproved** that he was the thief.
 e **description** of the impact of the government's new policy.
 f **refuge** in the mountain hut.
 g **family** suffered one tragedy after another.

2 GRAMMAR have: lexical and grammatical uses

a Circle the correct word or phrase.

- 1 She doesn't have / haven't / has got any siblings, so she's an only child.
- 2 Our car broke down yesterday, and we only *had* / *had got* / *have got* it serviced last week!
- 3 If I *had* / *have* / *had had* time for a coffee, I wouldn't have fallen asleep in the meeting!
- 4 I *didn't have to* / *hadn't got to* / *hadn't to* wear a uniform when I was at school.
- 5 Some friends of ours *had* / *had got* / *have had* a nasty car accident last night.
- 6 *Did you have* / *Had you* / *Have you got* a good time at your nephew's wedding?
- 7 *Have you* / *Do you have got* / *Have you got to* work late tonight? It's our anniversary.
- 8 The boss *didn't have* / *hadn't* / *won't have* heard the news yet because he's been off sick.

b Complete the sentences with the correct form of **have**. More than one answer may be possible.

- 1 They couldn't go to the concert because they didn't have tickets.
- 2 Jessica doesn't need a company car because she _____ visit customers.
- 3 This is a great car, Alex. How long _____ it?
- 4 Let's take a taxi. We _____ time to walk.
- 5 My dad hates _____ his photo taken.
- 6 I shower every morning – I _____ a bath for years!
- 7 Welcome to the UK. _____ you _____ a good flight?
- 8 I'll give you a lift. What time _____ you _____ to be at the airport?

c Complete the idioms and expressions in the conversations using the word in brackets.

- 1 A Did you have a good time last night?
B Yes, we had such a laugh!
I didn't want to come home! (such)
- 2 A Guess what! Jack is getting married!
B I don't believe you!
You're _____! (on)
- 3 A Why don't you get on with your boss?
B She _____ for me.
She's always criticizing my work. (in)
- 4 A My husband never lifts a finger round the house.
B It sounds like you need to
_____ with him. (out)
- 5 A I'm not sure about ice-skating. I've never done it before.
B Why don't you _____?
I'm sure you'll enjoy it. (go)
- 6 A Do you think Oliver will ever tell his colleagues what he really thinks of them?
B No, he _____ in him! (got)
- 7 A Why aren't you studying for your exams?
B I _____ with school. I'm going to leave and get a job. (it)

d Complete the questions with the correct form of *have* or *have got*. If both are possible, use *have got*.

- 1 How long have _____ you been _____ studying English?
- 2 What time _____ you _____ to leave home to avoid the rush hour?
- 3 _____ you _____ any repairs done in your house recently? What?
- 4 _____ any of your teachers _____ it in for you when you were at school? Do you know why?
- 5 _____ you _____ any cousins you've never met? Who are they?
- 6 _____ you _____ a go at doing something new recently? What?
- 7 _____ you _____ to wear any special clothes to do your job? What?
- 8 _____ you _____ a party for your next birthday?

e Answer five of the questions in d about you.

I've been studying English since I was six years old.

I started in primary school.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____

3 VOCABULARY personality

a Complete the adjectives in the sentences.



- 1 She's a c o n s c i i e n t i o u s pupil – she does all her work carefully and correctly.
- 2 Karen is such a good manager because she's so r _ s _ _ _ c _ f _ _ _ – she always manages to find a way to solve problems.
- 3 My boyfriend is very s t r _ _ _ _ f _ _ _ w _ _ _ _ – he's honest and always says what he thinks.
- 4 I had a terrible day at work, but my husband wasn't very s _ _ _ p _ _ t h _ _ t _ _ _.
- 5 My first teacher was a calm and g _ _ _ t _ _ _ woman, who was extremely kind.
- 6 My grandmother doesn't need any help – she's completely s _ _ _ _ - s _ _ f _ _ _ c _ _ _ _ _.
- 7 The doctor was very t h _ _ r _ _ _ _ and did lots of different tests before making a diagnosis.
- 8 I don't like my boss much. He can be very s _ _ _ c _ _ _ t _ _ _ and tries to make people feel small.
- 9 Harry is a s t _ _ _ d _ _ kind of guy who you can always rely on.
- 10 Nothing will stop Charlotte getting the job she wants – she's an extremely d _ _ t _ _ _ m _ _ _ _ _ young woman.
- 11 My niece is very b r _ _ _ _ _ . You only have to explain something once to her and she gets it.
- 12 I'm very different from my sister – she's very s p _ _ _ t _ _ n _ _ _ _ , whereas I like to plan things.

b Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence. Use the word in brackets. Write two or three words.

- 1 She seems to be quite efficient, but actually she's a disaster. (comes)
She comes across as quite efficient, but actually she's a disaster.
- 2 In general, the company's had a positive year. (whole)
, the company's had a positive year.
- 3 My husband is rather a hypochondriac – he thinks he's ill when there's nothing wrong. (bit)
My husband is a hypochondriac – he thinks he's ill when there's nothing wrong.
- 4 My aunt can seem unfriendly and bad-tempered, but actually she's very kind. (down)
My aunt can seem unfriendly and bad-tempered, but she's very kind.
- 5 Amy's quite shy – she often gets embarrassed when she meets new people. (tends)
Amy's quite shy – she get embarrassed when she meets new people.
- 6 I'd rather not go on holiday with your sister – I find her rather bossy. (bit)
I'd rather not go on holiday with your sister – she's bossy for me.
- 7 Lucas gives the impression of not caring, but I'm sure he does really. (surface)
Lucas seems not to care, but I'm sure he does really.

c Replace the **bold** words in the sentences with a personality idiom using the word in brackets.

- 1 My dad is **very easily persuaded**. I can get him to do whatever I want. (soft) a soft touch
- 2 Our new neighbour is **very reserved and unfriendly**. (fish) _____
- 3 My uncle can be a bit impatient, but he's got **a very kind personality**. (heart) _____
- 4 Ryan looks quite aggressive at times, but actually he **is very kind and gentle**. (fly) _____
- 5 That customer is **really annoying** – he's always calling to complain. (neck) _____
- 6 My grandfather **got angry very easily**, so we always did as he said. (quick) _____
- 7 We're going to miss Kate. She was always **such a laugh**. (party) _____
- 8 My sister-in-law didn't **make any effort** to help clear up after dinner. (finger) _____
- 9 I can't stand our new boss – she's so **sure of her own importance**. (full) _____
- 10 My parents are very **sensible and practical**; they have no pretensions. (earth) _____

4 PRONUNCIATION using a dictionary

a Look at the phonetics and write the adjective of personality.

- | | | |
|----|-----------------|----------------------|
| 1 | /kɒnʃi'ɛnʃəs/ | <u>conscientious</u> |
| 2 | /rɪ'sɔːsfl/ | _____ |
| 3 | /spɒn'teɪniəs/ | _____ |
| 4 | /sɪmpə'θetɪk/ | _____ |
| 5 | /dɪ'tɜːmɪnd/ | _____ |
| 6 | /sɑː'kæstɪk/ | _____ |
| 7 | /'stedi/ | _____ |
| 8 | /'θʌrə/ | _____ |
| 9 | /'dʒentl/ | _____ |
| 10 | /sɛlf sə'fɪʃnt/ | _____ |
| 11 | /streɪt'fɔːwəd/ | _____ |

b Put the adjectives from **a** in the correct column.

stress on first syllable	stress on second syllable	stress on third syllable
		<i>conscientious</i>

c  **1.1** Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

5 LANGUAGE IN CONTEXT What's your personality?

Complete the sentences.

- 1 I followed the recipe **to the** letter, but my cake looked nothing like the one in the picture.
- 2 Maria **got st** _____ on a question, so she couldn't finish her homework.
- 3 It's best to **put t** _____ a list of points for discussion before you hold a meeting.
- 4 The jacket in the window **caught my e** _____, so I went into the shop to try it on.
- 5 Shall we sit in the park, or would you prefer to **go r** _____ the shops?
- 6 He had a **g** _____ **feeling** that his girlfriend was going to finish with him, and he was right.
- 7 A good manager faces problems **h** _____ **-on** in order to solve them as quickly as possible.
- 8 My flatmate always **puts o** _____ doing the washing-up until there aren't any clean plates left.
- 9 I told my sister a **wh** _____ **lie** when I said that the dress suited her – I didn't want to hurt her feelings.
- 10 I'm going to **c** _____ **on** working through my lunch break today, as I have to finish this report.

1 VOCABULARY work

a Complete the adjectives in the sentences.

- My father is a bus driver, driving the same route every day, but he doesn't find it monotonous.
- Ben is working in a d_____ -e_____ job with no chances of promotion.
- My job as a nurse is very dem_____, mainly because I have so many patients to look after.
- Chloe is very ambitious; her dream is to get a h_____ -p_____ job in finance.
- Being a psychologist tests my abilities, and I often find it ch_____, but I love it!
- Factory work can be extremely rep_____; you often do the same thing every day.
- The most mot_____ thing about being a physical therapist is helping people get better.
- Being a sports coach is very rew_____ when your team is doing well.
- Working nights as a security guard can be ted_____ because nothing usually happens.

b Match the words in A to the words in B. Then match the collocations to the definitions.

A academic career (x2) civil events fast job work

B experience hunting ladder manager move qualifications servants track

- a change that you make in order to get a better job
career move
- the act of looking for employment
_____ - _____
- a person who plans and organizes festivals and conferences, etc. _____
- examinations you have passed at school, college or university, etc. _____
- the jobs you have done so far in your life

- a series of jobs within a company or profession, from the lowest paid to the highest paid

- people who work for government departments

- a quick way to achieve a high position in a job

c Complete the sentences with a collocation made from a word from the list + *leave* or *contract*.

compassionate freelance full-time maternity part-time paternity permanent sick temporary unpaid zero-hours

- After his trial period, the company offered my husband a permanent contract.
- Lucy has just had a baby, so she's on maternity leave.
- Most people with a _____ work for at least 35 hours per week.
- My boss has flu, so he's been on _____ all week.
- Holly only wants a _____ so she can look after her children in the afternoons.
- Being self-employed, I have a _____ with several different employers.
- I've used all my holiday, so I'll have to take _____ if I go to the Champions League final.
- Tom's wife is ill in hospital, so he's on _____.
- The project is only running for three months, so they've given me a _____.
- Eddie and Sienna have got a new baby, so he's taken _____.
- One of the main disadvantages of a _____ is not knowing how much you'll earn from week to week.

d Circle the correct word. Tick (✓) if both words are possible.

- Where I work, there's a good relationship between management and the *staff* / *workforce*. ✓
- We're looking for someone with good people *qualifications* / *skills* to fill this position. ☐
- Benefits* / *Perks* offered by the company include a car and free meals in the staff canteen. ☐
- We're having a party after work tonight for one of my *colleagues* / *co-workers* who's retiring. ☐
- Daisy's company *fired* / *sacked* her for being late. ☐
- I got a *pay rise* / *promoted* last week, but they won't increase my salary until next year. ☐
- We're looking to *employ* / *hire* somebody with a positive, can-do attitude. ☐
- If they don't offer me more money by the end of the year, I'm going to *quit* / *resign*. ☐
- My husband is *off work* / *out of work* with a bad back at the moment. ☐
- The company has announced that hundreds of employees will be *laid off* / *made redundant*. ☐