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# Scope and sequence

Extensive reading: non-fiction Diaries from Delhi

St	arter	Welcome back!			page 4
		Simple present Present	progressive Simple past Past progressive	Irregular past forms	
		Words	Grammar	Skills	
	1	Art project!			page 8
	L L	Describing art Working with words: Prefixes un- / im- Words in context: Island Adventure	going to and will  I'm going to visit an art gallery this afternoon.  I'll come with you.  Present progressive with future meaning  We're meeting at 10 o'clock.	Reading: A story: Island Adventure (Cross-curricular link) Listening: Listening for details about a painting Speaking: Asking and answering questions about paintings	Writing focus: Writing a story Writing outcome: Completing a story (Workbook)
	Flux	ency Time! 1		aft: a knowledge game	page 16
	2	Sports adventure	s!		page 18
Free Time		Extreme sports Working with words: Prefixes dis- / in- Words in context: William Trubridge	First conditional and first conditional questions If the weather is good, we'll go paragliding. Will you come for a walk if the weather is good? Second conditional and second conditional questions If I had a camera, I'd take a picture. Would you play baseball if you lived in the U.S.A.?	Reading: A sports profile: William Trubridge  Listening: Listening for details in a sports profile  Speaking: Asking and answering questions about sports	Writing focus: Using a concept map to plan Writing outcome: Completing a concept map and using it to write a leaflet (Workbook)
	He	alth Time!	The Human Body Projec	tta pop-up book	page 26
	3	It's festival time!			page 28
		Festival adjectives Working with words: Suffix -ous Words in context: Top Ten Food Festivals	Present perfect: since / for / already / just / yet / before  I've been here since nine o'clock / for five days.  The procession has already / just finished.  I haven't seen any fireworks yet.  I've never eaten anything so delicious before.  Simple past and present perfect  I went to that festival last year. I've made my costume.	Reading: A travel article: Top Ten Food Festivals  Listening: Listening for details in an interview  Speaking: Asking and answering questions about food festivals	Writing focus: Letter-writing conventions Writing outcome: Writing a letter to a friend (Workbook)
	Extensive reading: fiction The Picture of Dorian Gray				page 36
	따	Transportation of	f the future!		page 38
	711	Forms of transportation Working with words: Phrasal verbs Words in context: Transportation Around the World	Present perfect progressive 1  Passengers have been waiting for five hours.  Time markers  since / for / all morning / all day / all week  Present perfect progressive 2  I'm tired because I've been working.  What have you been doing?	Reading: A book extract: Transportation Around the World Listening: Listening for details in an interview Speaking: Asking and answering questions about different forms of transportation	Writing focus: Using process diagrams Writing outcome: Using a process diagram to explain how to ride a bike (Workbook)
	Flu	ency Time! 2	Discussing future plans	raft: a datebook	page 46
og	5	The greatest inve	ntions!		page 48
Technology	Ð	Inventions Working with words: Suffix -ment Words in context: The History of the Pen	The passive (simple present and simple past)  Many kinds of chewing gum are made. The gum wasn't advertised.  The passive (present progressive)  My computer is being repaired.	Reading: A timeline: The History of the Pen (Cross-curricular link) Listening: Identifying opinions Speaking: Asking and answering questions about inventions	Writing focus: Writing a biography Writing outcome: Writing a biography (Workbook)
	Sci	ence Time!	Energy Project: an interc	active poster	page 56
	ලි	You've won a con	nputer!		page 58
		Computer verbs Working with words: Homonyms Words in context: Computers – Fun Facts	The passive (future) You will be given ten new laptops for your school. The passive (present perfect) These wires have been disconnected.	Reading: A website article: Computers – Fun Facts (Cross-curricular link)  Listening: Listening for details about why people use computers  Speaking: Asking and answering questions about computers	Writing focus: Presenting a research report Writing outcome: Writing a research report (Workbook)

page 66

		Words	Grammar	Skills		
	77	Explorers for a de	ay!		page 68	
Adventures		Exploring Working with words: Suffixes -er / -ist Words in context: Famous Shipwrecks	Relative pronouns: who, which There are many climbers who successfully climb Mount Everest. They climb a mountain there which is the highest mountain in the world. Reported pronouns: that He met a man that was more than 120 years old.	Reading: An encyclopedia entry: Famous Shipwrecks (Cross-curricular link) Listening: Listening for details in a tour Speaking: Asking and answering questions about being an explorer	Writing focus: Writing a personalized text about your dream job Writing outcome: Writing a personalized text (Workbook)	
	Flor	ency Time! 3		an inventions poster	page 76	
		It's a mystery!  Requesting tavors  Craft: an inventions poster  page 78				
	8	Mysteries Working with words: Suffix -able Words in context: The Nazca Lines	Past perfect  After they had climbed onto the ship, they saw there was no one there.  Past perfect negative sentences and questions  They hadn't invented trucks and trains before they built the pyramids.  Had people invented trucks and trains before they built the pyramids?	Reading: An interview: The Nazca Lines (Cross-curricular link) Listening: Listening for details in an advertisement Speaking: Asking and answering questions about mysteries	Writing focus: Features of a tourist information leaflet Writing outcome: Writing a tourist information leaflet (Workbook)	
	His	tory Time!	Archeology Project: a tir	ne capsule	page 86	
	၅	Survival!			page 88	
	71	Survival items Working with words: Homophones Words in context: Robinson Crusoe	Third conditional  If the machine had worked, he would have been happy.  Modal verbs: have to, must, should, and ought to  You have to bring a water bottle.  You mustn't touch any insects.  You shouldn't bring valuable possessions.  You ought to bring a camera.	Reading: A story extract: Robinson Crusoe  Listening: Listening to order events  Speaking: Asking and answering questions about surviving on a desert island	Writing focus: Features of an advice text Writing outcome: Writing an advice text (Workbook)	
		Extensive reading: fiction We Didn't Mean to Go to Sea			page 96	
	10	Around the world			page 98	
		World languages Working with words: Suffix -ery Words in context: Languages of the World	Reported speech (all tenses)  He said he wanted to visit lots of countries. He said he was looking forward to the trip. He said he had cycled around Africa. He said he had had lessons in French and Spanish. He said the trip would take about two years.  Reflexive pronouns: myself, yourself, itself, himself, herself, ourselves, yourselves, and themselves  The machine turned itself off.	Reading: A question and answer text: Languages of the World (Cross-curricular link)  Listening: Listening to match speakers to statements  Speaking: Asking and answering questions about languages	Writing focus: Features of an advertisement Writing outcome: Writing an advertisement (Workbook)	
	Flu	ency Time! 4	Solving problems Graft: 6	survival game	page 106	
	11	Space travel!			page 108	
Travel		Space Working with words: Phrasal verbs Words in context: Dreaming in a Spaceship	Reported speech: Wh- questions Where, Why, What, Who, and When  He asked him where he was.  Reported speech: commands and requests  told / asked  He told us to turn off our cell phones.  He asked them to leave quietly.	Reading: A poem: Dreaming in a Spaceship (Cross-curricular link) Listening: Identifying missing words in a poem Speaking: Asking and answering questions about space	Writing focus: Writing a poem and using similes Writing outcome: Writing a poem using similes (Workbook)	
	Sci	ence Time!	Light Project a project b	oard	page 116	
	12	Vacation time!			page 118	
		Vacation adjectives Working with words: Silent letters: w and h Words in context: My Year Around the World	wish I wish I was taller. I wish I could fly. I wish it wasn't the last day of our holiday.  Question tags There are lots of robots, aren't there? You can swim, can't you? You like ice cream, don't you?	Reading: A travel blog: My Year Around the World (Cross-curricular link) Listening: Listening for details in an interview Speaking: Asking and answering questions about traveling	Writing focus: Structuring an essay Writing outcome: Writing an essay (Workbook)	
	Extensive reading: non-fiction The Mysteries of Mars					

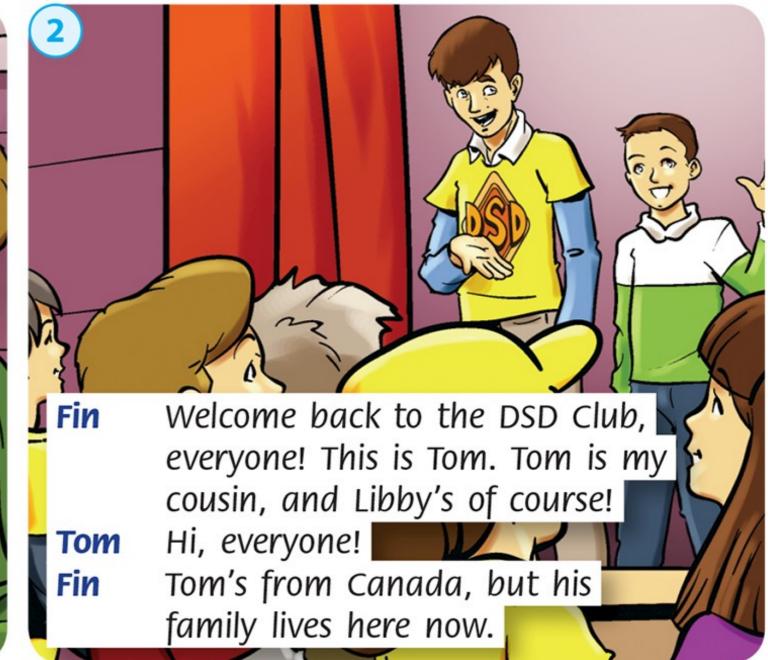
## Starter

## Welcome back!

**Lesson One Story** 

1 Listen and read. Where does Tom come from? 🊳 👊

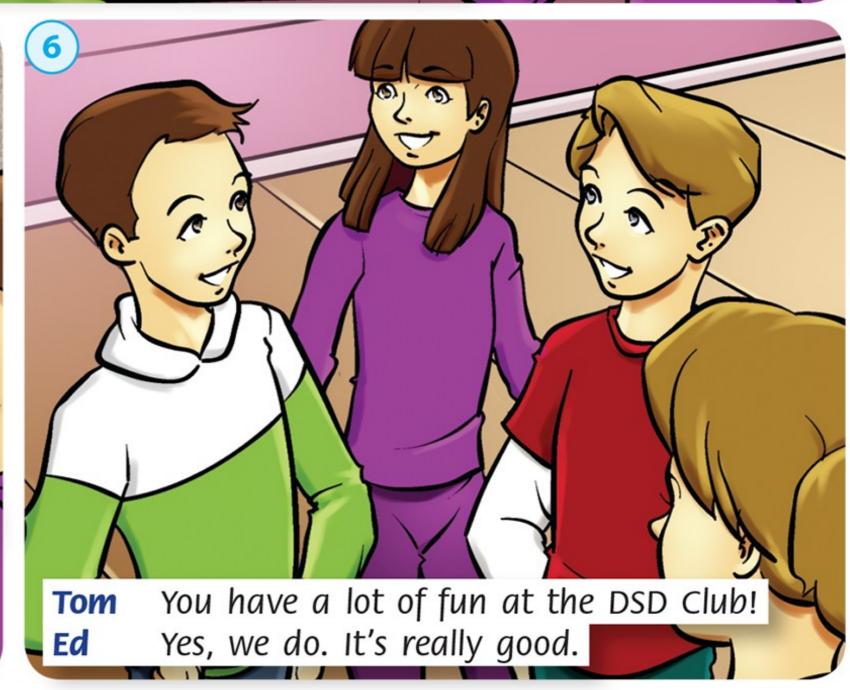




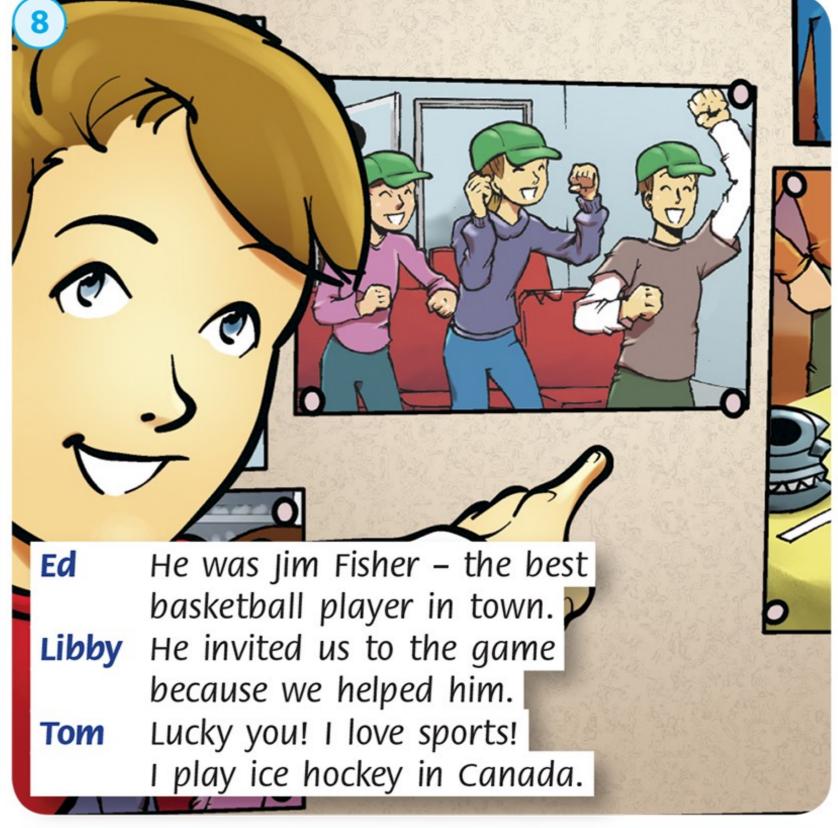


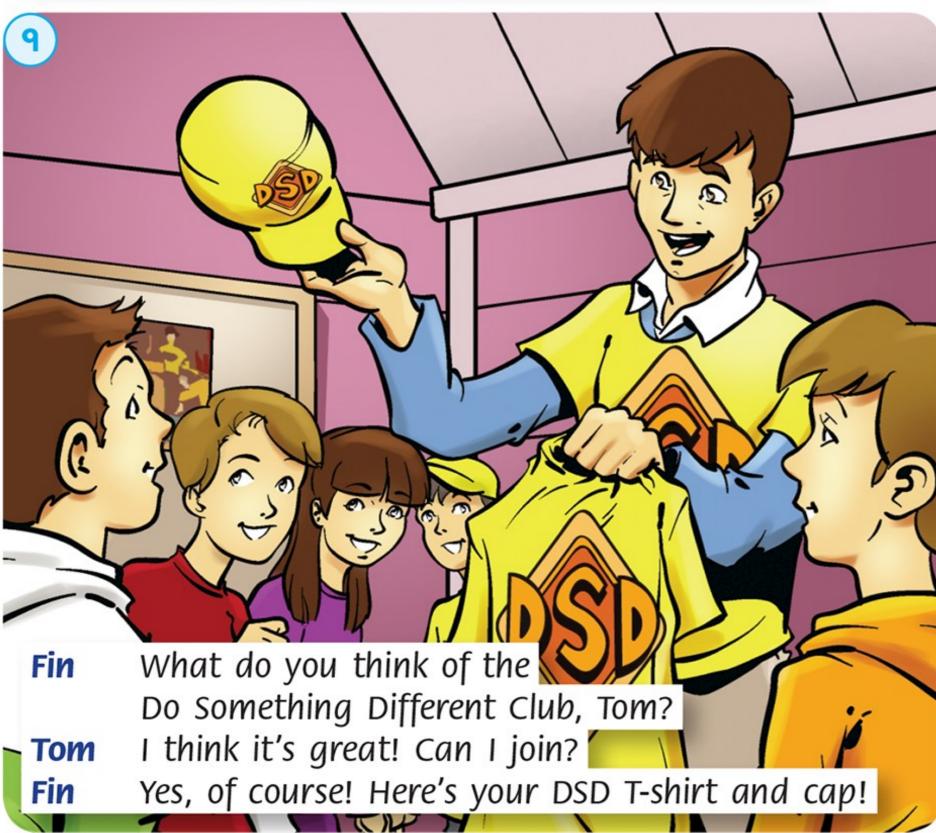












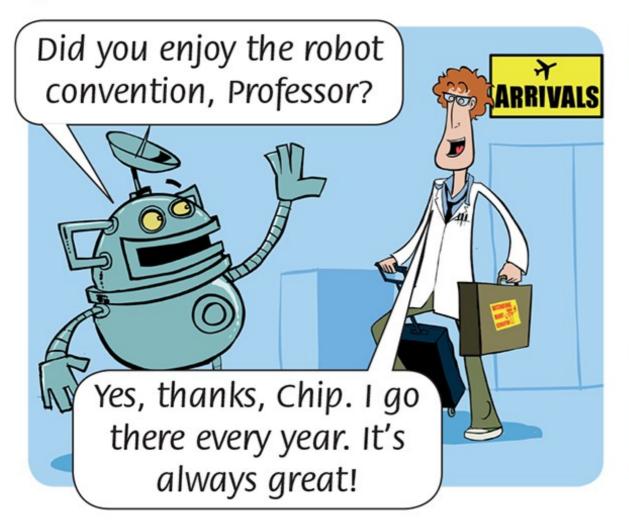


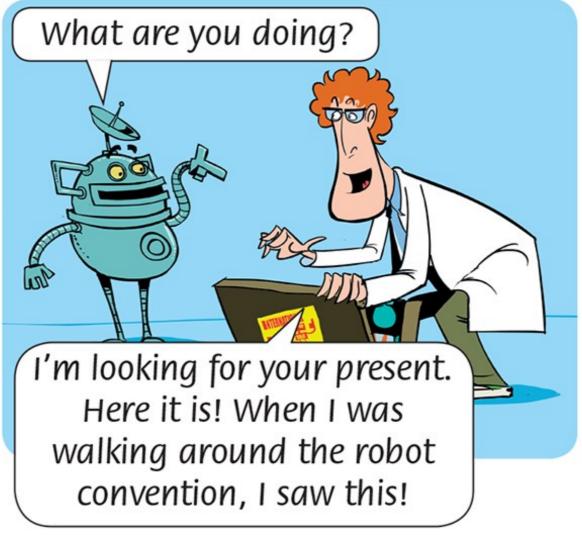
- 2 Listen to the story again and repeat. Act.
- 3 Read again and write *True* or *False*.
  - 1 Ed and Kate went on vacation to Florida. True
  - 2 Libby and her family stayed at home.
  - 3 Libby is Tom's cousin.
  - 4 Fin had the costumes for the play in his car.
  - 5 Tom enjoys playing sports.
  - **6** Fin gives Tom a bag and a T-shirt.

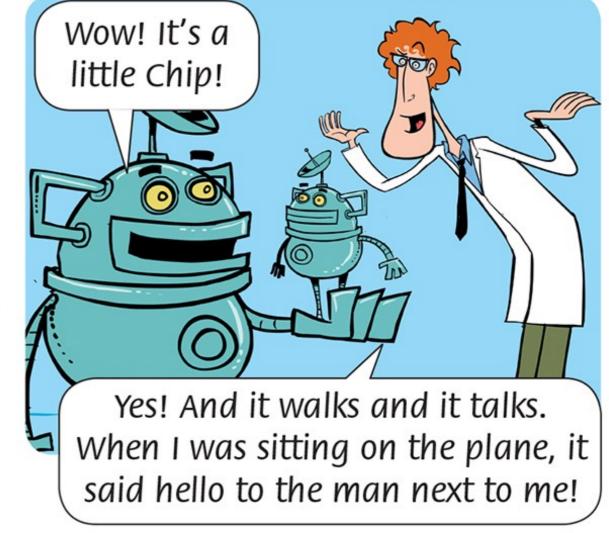
## Listen and read. Where did Professor go? 🊳 👊











#### Read and learn.

## Simple present and present progressive

Use the simple present to talk about habits and routines.

I go there every year. It's always great!

Use the present progressive to talk about actions happening now.

What are you doing?

I'm looking for your present.

## Simple past and past progressive

Use the simple past to talk about actions that interrupted other actions in the past.

When I was sitting on the plane, it said hello to the man next to me!

Use the past progressive to talk about actions that were interrupted.

When I was walking around, I saw this.

#### Read and circle.

- I (go) / am going swimming on Saturday mornings.
- My mom and dad work / are working every day.
- The boys *play / are playing* soccer in the park on Saturdays.
- My brother watches / is watching TV right now.
- We have / are having lunch now.
- The children work / are working hard right now.

## Speaking Ask and answer.

eat / ice cream play / soccer sit / on the grass wait / for a bus go / into a café run / home





What was he doing when the storm started?

He was eating ice cream.

What did he do next?

He ran home.

It's Number 5!

## Irregular past forms

With some irregular verbs, the simple past and the past participle are the same.

	Verb	Past tense	Past participle
1	buy	bought	bought
2	hear		
3	make		
4	use		
5	keep		
6	have		
7	catch		
8	get		
9	find		

With other irregular verbs, the simple past and the past participle are different.

1	<b>Verb</b> speak	Past tense spoke	Past participle spoken
2	grow		
3	take		
4	wear		
5	write		
6	fly		
7	eat		
8	see		
9	go		

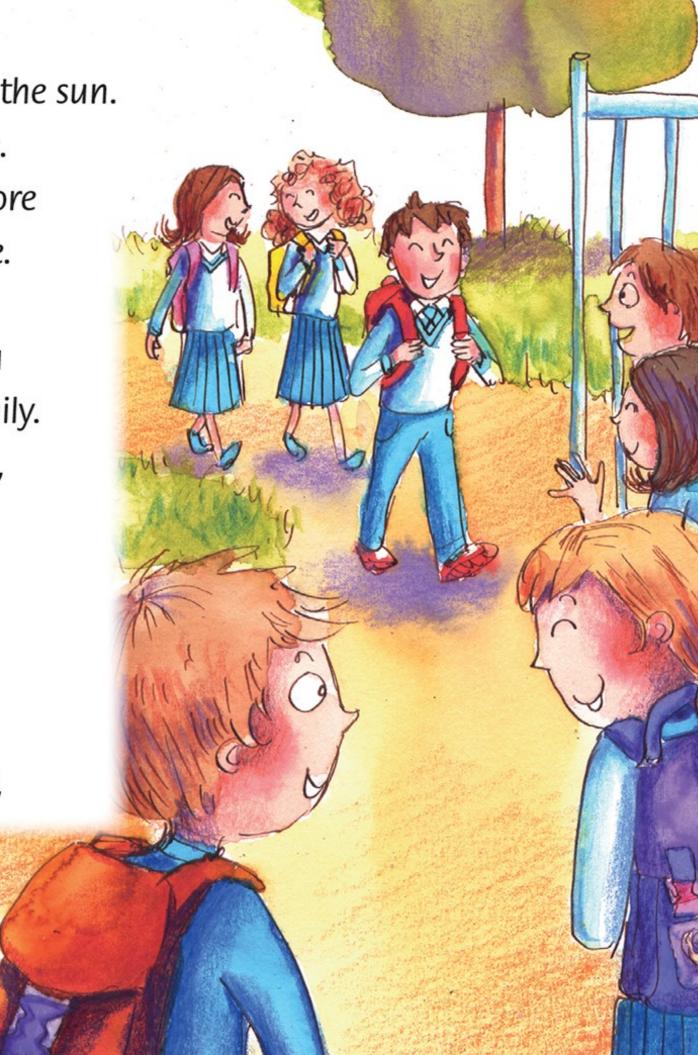
- Listen and order the lines. Sing. 🚳 👊

## Welcome back!

You're back from your break in the sun. And there's lots of work in store. Now it's back to school once more You're sad your vacation's done.

You had a good time by the sea With your friends and your family. But you can still have some fun, Now your lessons have begun.

You visited people you knew, So welcome back today. You went on a picnic or two. But you knew you couldn't stay,



## Art projecti

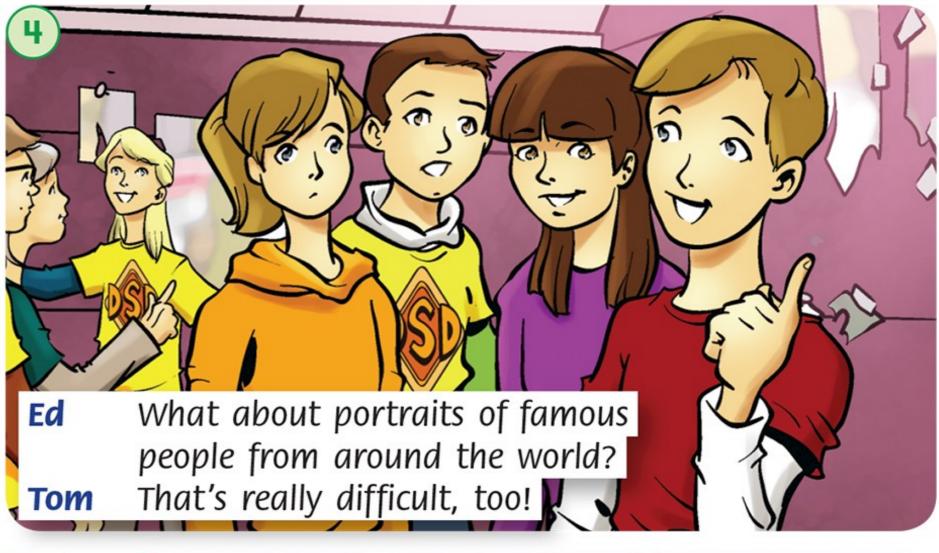
## **Lesson One Story**

1 Listen and read. What is the theme for the mural? 🊳 👊









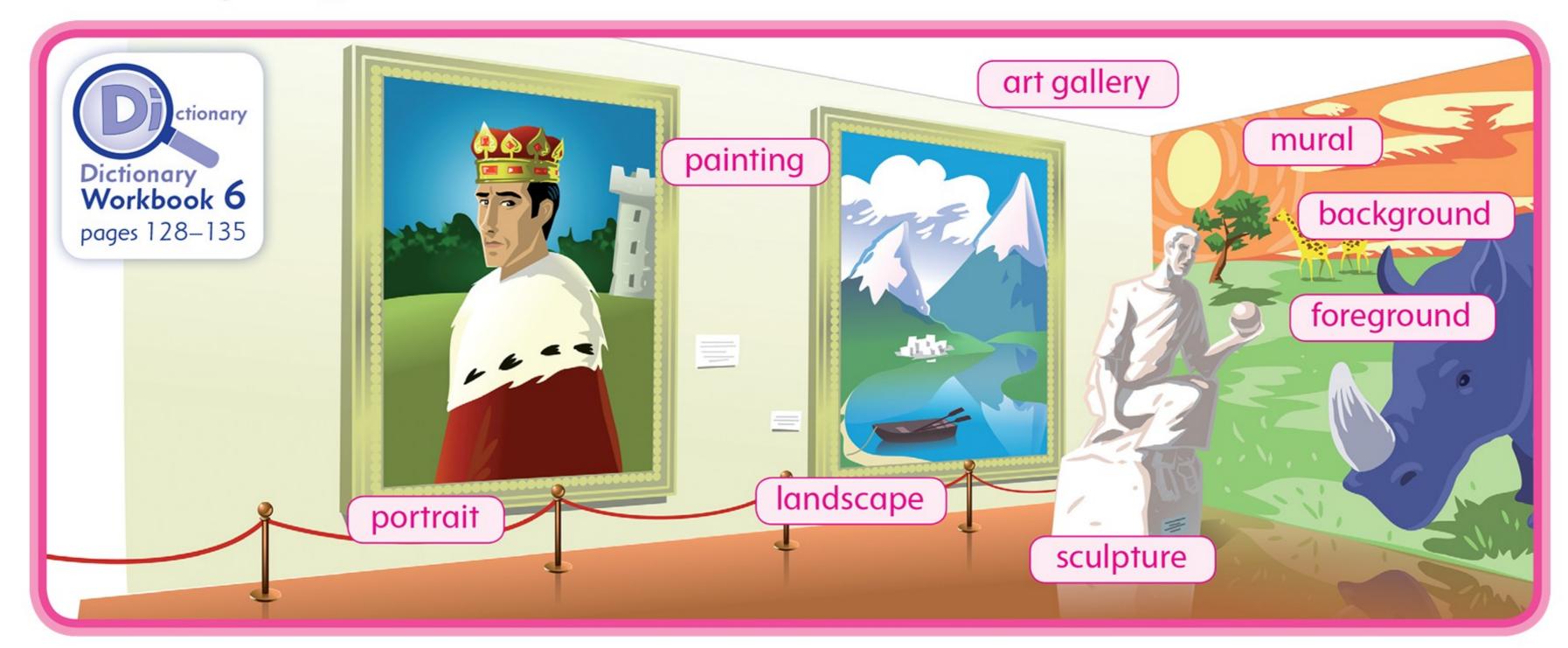




- 2 Listen to the story again and repeat. Act.
- 3 Read again and write *True* or *False*.
  - 1 The children are going to paint the walls. <u>True</u>
  - 3 Kate is good at drawing animals.
  - 5 Libby likes Kate's idea.

- 2 The theme is "Around the world."
- 4 Ed wants to draw people.
- 6 The children are going to meet the next day.

## 1 Listen and repeat. 🚳 05



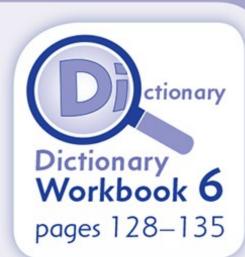
## 2 Write the words.

1	painting	noun a picture that someone has painted
2		noun a building where you can go to look at paintings and other art
3		noun a picture of a person
4		noun a picture of the countryside
5		noun the part of a picture that looks like it's near you
6		noun the part of a picture that looks like it's far from you
7		noun an animal, a shape, or a person made from stone, wood, etc.
8		noun a very big picture painted on a wall

## Working with words

We add the prefixes un- or im- to some adjectives to make the meaning negative.





## 3 Listen and repeat. 🊳 👊

#### 4 Read and circle.

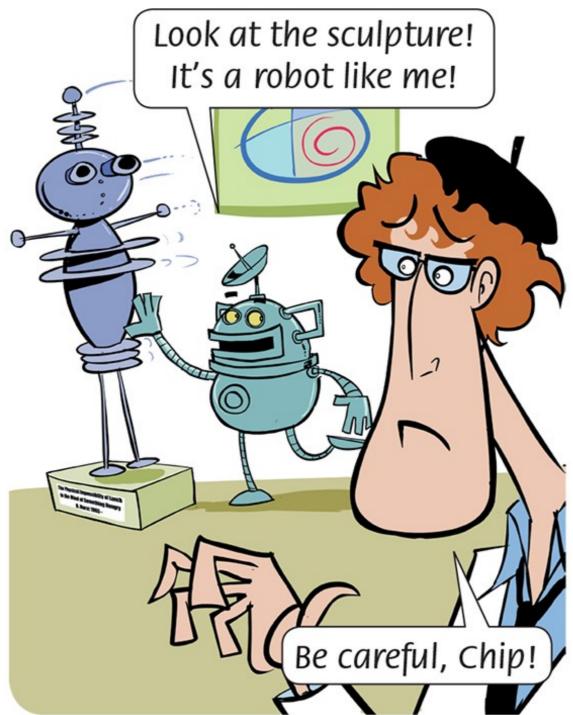
- 1 Tom is very friendly / unfriendly). He never speaks to anyone.
- 2 My sister is very popular / unpopular. Everyone likes her.
- 3 Jon is a very *polite / impolite* boy. He always says "please" and "thank you."
- 4 My little brother is very *patient / impatient*. He always waits calmly.
- 5 This math question is *possible / impossible*! I don't know the answer!

## Lesson Three Grammar 1

## 1 Listen and read. Where do Professor and Chip go? 🊳 👓









#### 2 Read and learn.

## going to

Use *going to* to talk about plans or decisions we made earlier.

I'm going to visit an art gallery this afternoon.
I'm not going to go to town this weekend.

### will

Use will to talk about decisions or offers we make as we speak.

I'll come with you!

I won't come with you. I'm too busy.

Look! 'II = will won't = will not

#### 3 Read and circle.

- 1 Our class will / is going to go to a museum next week.
- 2 "I'm thirsty!""I'll / I'm going to get you a drink."
- 3 "Do you want to come to town?" "No, I won't / I'm not going to come. I have too much homework."
- 4 We won't / We're not going to visit our grandparents today. They're away on vacation.
- 5 "I can't find my pen." "Don't worry! I'll / I'm going to lend you mine."
- 6 I'll / I'm going to buy a travel book for my vacation next week.

## 4 Complete the sentences. Use will or going to.

1	Α	I'm going to	buy ice cream.
	В	I'll	come with you!
3	Α	I'm cold.	
	В	I	close the window.
5	Α	I	pack my suitcase.
	В	I	help vou.

2	Α	I take my camera to the	
	В	Good idea! I _	take mine, too.
4	Α	I	visit Mexico this summer.
	В	That's an interesting country.	
6	Α	I don't understand this question.	
	В	I	help you.

## 1 Listen and read. Where does Harry want to go with Ben? 🊳 🕬



Hi Ben,

What are you doing today? I'm catching a bus into town at 10:15 with Fred. Do you want to come? We're meeting Jack at 11 o'clock at the bus station. Then, at 12 o'clock, we're going to an art exhibition at our friend's art club.

In the afternoon, Fred is watching a movie at the movie theater. He already has tickets, but there are no tickets left, so we can't go! I'm not doing anything. Do you want to watch a DVD at my house instead? See you soon!

Harry

## 2 Read and learn.

Present progressive with future meaning

Use the present progressive to talk about definite future plans and arrangements.

I'm catching a bus. I'm not doing anything. What are you doing today?

## 3 Complete the sentences. Use the present progressive.

- 1 I'm meeting (meet) Ben at one o'clock this afternoon.2 We (catch) a train at three thirty.
- 3 (you / visit) your grandparents after school?
- 4 The children (play) a basketball game at two o'clock.
- 5 What movie \_\_\_\_\_ (you / watch) at the movie theater tonight?
- 6 Jeff \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to a café with his friends for his birthday lunch.

## 4 Speaking Ask and answer.



feed / the penguins
go / home
have / lunch
leave / school
visit / the elephant enclosure
watch / the dolphin display

What are they doing at 8:00 a.m.?

At 8:00 a.m., they're leaving school.

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