

Janet Hardy-Gould • James Styring



English *Plus*

Workbook 3 with MultiROM



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Janet Hardy-Gould
James Styring

English

Plus

Workbook 3



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VOCABULARY ■ Adjectives

1 ★ Find pairs of opposite adjectives.

cheap common noisy boring
 clean easy far heavy quiet rare
 safe dangerous powerful unhealthy
 useless weak difficult dirty exciting
 expensive healthy light near useful

| <u>cheap</u> | <u>expensive</u> |
|--------------|------------------|
| 1 _____ | _____ |
| 2 _____ | _____ |
| 3 _____ | _____ |
| 4 _____ | _____ |
| 5 _____ | _____ |
| 6 _____ | _____ |
| 7 _____ | _____ |
| 8 _____ | _____ |
| 9 _____ | _____ |
| 10 _____ | _____ |
| 11 _____ | _____ |

2 ★★ Complete the sentences with adjectives in exercise 1.



There aren't many tigers left in India now. They are **rare**.

- 1 Wash your hands! They're _____.
- 2 This box is _____. Can you help me lift it, please?
- 3 Is it _____ to your school?
No, it's only three minutes from here.
- 4 This dictionary isn't very _____. I can't find the word 'platinum'.
- 5 I got 97% in the science test. It was _____.
- 6 Our dog is ill. Its legs are _____ and it can't walk.
- 7 I love this film. It's very _____!
- 8 I can't hear you! It's very _____.

3 ★★ Choose the correct answers to complete the text.

Tokyo

Tokyo is a huge city of more than 13 million people. It's _____, but the shops and restaurants are ¹_____. The streets are busy and ²_____, but they're always very ³_____. There isn't much crime in Tokyo. It's a really ⁴_____ city.

Japanese is a ⁵_____ language for foreigners to read and speak. Visitors to Tokyo often get lost because they can't read the signs.

The railway is a popular form of public transport in Tokyo. The underground is also very busy and workers sometimes push passengers onto the trains! There are a lot of cars as well. The pollution from Tokyo's traffic sometimes makes the air quite ⁶_____.



a light **b exciting** c powerful

- 1 a expensive b near c rare
- 2 a weak b noisy c heavy
- 3 a clean b near c useful
- 4 a far b common c safe
- 5 a safe b difficult c useless
- 6 a quiet b difficult c unhealthy

4 ★★★ Write examples for the adjectives.

- expensive a rare painting, a sports car
- 1 quiet _____
 - 2 dangerous _____
 - 3 powerful _____
 - 4 unhealthy _____
 - 5 difficult _____
 - 6 useful _____
 - 7 noisy _____
 - 8 boring _____

Comparative and superlative adjectives

1 ★ Look at the table and choose the correct words.

New DVD reviews

| Tom met Sally | Dog Police | The Scientists |
|---------------|-------------|----------------|
| €12.99 | €8.99 | €15.49 |
| 😊 | 😊😊😊 | 😊😊 |
| 112 minutes | 121 minutes | 134 minutes |



The Scientists is more exciting than / isn't as exciting as *Dog Police*.

- 1 *The Scientists* is more expensive than / isn't as expensive as *Tom met Sally*.
- 2 *Tom met Sally* is longer than / isn't as long as *The Scientists*.
- 3 *Tom met Sally* isn't as cheap as / is cheaper than *The Scientists*.
- 4 *Dog Police* isn't as expensive as / is more expensive than *Tom met Sally*.
- 5 *Tom met Sally* is shorter than / isn't as short as *Dog Police*.
- 6 *Dog Police* isn't as exciting as / is more exciting than *Tom met Sally*.
- 7 *Tom met Sally* is more boring than / isn't as boring as *The Scientists*.
- 8 *The Scientists* is better than / isn't as good as *Dog Police*.

2 ★★ Write superlative sentences about the DVDs.
(expensive) *The Scientists* is the most expensive DVD.
1 (cheap) _____
2 (short) _____
3 (long) _____
4 (exciting) _____
5 (boring) _____
6 (good) _____

Present simple

3 ★★ Write sentences and questions using the present simple.
he / go / to my school
He goes to my school.

- 1 they / not tidy / their room every day _____
- 2 Gina / wash up / every evening _____
- 3 I / not sleep / for eight hours every night _____
- 4 Harry / do / his homework once a week _____
- 5 they / drive / to work every morning _____
- 6 school / not finish / at two o'clock _____
- 7 you / have / breakfast every day / ? _____
- 8 your brother / go / to work / ? _____

4 ★★★ Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.

What time does school start?
School starts at eight o'clock.

- 1 Do you get the bus to school? _____
- 2 Where does your mum / dad work? _____
- 3 How often do you watch TV? _____
- 4 What time do you have breakfast? _____
- 5 Do you tidy your room every week? _____
- 6 How do you relax? _____
- 7 What do you do at weekends? _____
- 8 What time do you wake up on Saturdays? _____

1 ★ Find eight more routines. Write them in the order they happen every day for you.

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| O | S | H | G | O | S | H | T | H | R | E | D |
| S | C | H | O | O | L | S | T | A | R | T | S |
| K | P | O | S | I | A | N | G | V | I | D | O |
| O | O | G | E | T | U | P | E | E | V | O | S |
| O | O | T | B | T | R | G | T | B | E | H | G |
| L | L | O | K | O | W | D | T | R | A | O | O |
| S | F | O | S | R | A | T | H | E | T | M | T |
| W | L | G | A | H | K | H | E | A | L | E | O |
| A | N | W | I | W | E | G | B | K | T | W | S |
| T | I | A | N | S | U | M | U | F | G | O | L |
| C | S | J | K | U | P | E | S | A | M | R | E |
| H | Y | F | H | K | N | C | N | S | O | K | E |
| T | E | K | T | H | I | B | S | T | E | S | P |
| V | S | G | O | T | O | B | E | D | S | E | T |

wake up _____

- 1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

4 _____
- 5 _____

6 _____

7 _____

8 _____

2 ★★ Complete the sentences using the words in the box.

shopping go x 2 do get up have
watch plays bed

- I get up at seven o'clock.
- 1 My parents don't _____ to work on Sundays.

2 She _____ basketball every week.

3 They _____ TV in the evenings.

4 I _____ my homework after school.

5 I never _____ to sleep before nine o'clock.

6 Do you usually _____ breakfast?

7 We often go _____ after school on Mondays.

8 What time do you go to _____ ?

3 ★★ Look at the routines for the two days and complete the text. Use the correct form of the verbs.

Wednesday

7.00

get up!

8.30

get bus

9.00

school starts

3.30

school finishes

4.00

relax in park!

6.30

do maths homework ☹️

8.00

watch TV

10.00

go to bed!

Thursday

7.00

get up!

8.30

get bus

9.00

school starts

3.30

school finishes

4.30

go shopping with Tina

6.00

do history homework

7.30

go on computer

10.00

go to bed!

My sister gets up at 7 a.m. and she
1 _____ the bus to school at 8.30 a.m.
School 2 _____ at 9 a.m. and it finishes at
3.30 p.m. After school on Wednesdays, she
3 _____ with her friends. On Thursdays,
she 4 _____ shopping in town. In the
evening, she 5 _____ her homework
and then she 6 _____ TV or goes on the
computer and chats with her friends. She
7 _____ to bed at 10 p.m.

4 ★★★ Complete the text about your routine on a school day.

I get up at about 1 _____
in the morning. I 2 _____
breakfast with 3 _____.
School 4 _____ at
5 _____, so I
6 _____ to school at
7 _____. My favourite class
is 8 _____. School finishes
at 9 _____ in the afternoon.
After school, I 10 _____.
I usually go to bed at 11 _____.

VOCABULARY ■ Television

1 ★ Match sentence halves 1–9 with a–i.

- 1 Are there any good programmes d
 2 They use special cameras _____
 3 Homer Simpson is my _____
 4 This new TV series _____
 5 The first TV broadcast _____
 6 Can I change channels _____
 7 Their new television has got a _____
 8 The show had three million _____
 9 I didn't watch the last _____
- a really big screen.
 b viewers last year.
 c was in black and white.
 d on TV this evening?
 e to make 3D films.
 f has 12 episodes.
 g favourite character in *The Simpsons*.
 h episode of the series.
 i with this remote control?

2 ★★ Complete the definitions about TV.



- A broadcast is when they transmit a TV show.
- 1 They record TV shows with a _____.
 2 An _____ watches a show.
 3 You can turn the TV on and off with a _____.
 4 An _____ is one of several parts of a story.
 5 A _____ is a person in a story.
 6 A _____ is a TV show.
 7 When you watch TV, you see the picture on the TV _____.
 8 A _____ is a show with a lot of episodes.

3 ★★ Complete the dialogue with the words in the box.

adverts audience cameras
 channels presenter show programme

Jess What do you think is the best programme on TV?

Ryan I love *Who Wants to Be a Millionaire?* It's my favourite 1.

I always watch it!

I was in the 2 two

years ago. My seat was behind the two 3 so it was a bit difficult to see, but the 4 was really funny.

Jess Why do you love it?

Ryan It's exciting!

Jess What do you think is the worst thing on TV?

Ryan I hate the 5! I prefer 6 without them.



4 ★★★ Answer the questions. Write complete sentences.

How many channels have you got on your TV at home?

I've got eight channels on my TV at home.

1 What is your favourite TV show? Why?

2 Which programmes do you never watch? Why?

3 Which series do you usually watch?

4 Who is your favourite character? Why? What is the actor's name?

5 Do you like adverts? Why / Why not?

6 Who uses the remote control a lot in your house?

was, were, there was, there were

1 ★ Choose the correct words.

Who **was** / **were** the main characters in *Futurama*?

- 1 We **was** / **were** lucky. There **was** / There **were** two more episodes on the DVD.
- 2 Where **was** / **were** your camera?
- 3 Marc **was** / **were** tired, so he didn't watch the end of the show.
- 4 **Was** / **Were** there any good programmes on TV last night?
- 5 The first episode **weren't** / **wasn't** in 2009. It **was** / **were** in 2010.
- 6 The presenters **weren't** / **wasn't** on yesterday's programme.
- 7 How old **was** / **were** the participants?
- 8 **Were there** / **Was there** many people in the audience?

2 ★★ Write sentences. Use the affirmative (✓), negative (X) or question (?) forms of *was / were* and *there was / there were*.

I / at school this morning X

I wasn't at school this morning.

- 1 there / two channels without adverts ✓

- 2 there / a new character in the show this week ?

- 3 the remote control / next to the TV ?

- 4 you / in the audience ?

- 5 there / a new presenter in this series X

- 6 it / a new series ✓

- 7 who / the participants in *Big Brother* ?

- 8 there / many TV broadcasts in the 1940s X

Past simple

3 ★★ Complete the text using the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.



On the Road with Kanye West

On the Road with Stars is a new programme that follows bands on tour. In the first show, the TV company travelled (travel) to Los Angeles to meet Kanye West.

They ¹_____ (make) the programme very cheaply because they ²_____ (not have) a lot of money. They ³_____ (record) it with only one camera and they ⁴_____ (be) very lucky because the presenters ⁵_____ (work) for free.

In Los Angeles, the presenters ⁶_____ (not stay) in a hotel. Instead, they ⁷_____ (sleep) in a caravan.

During the show, Kanye ⁸_____ (fly) in a private plane from city to city, but the TV company ⁹_____ (follow) him in their car, with their caravan!

4 ★★★ Write questions for the answers.

Did you meet Kanye West?

Yes, we did. We met Kanye West in Los Angeles.

1 _____
We met him last month.

2 _____
Yes, we did. We liked him very much.

3 _____
After Los Angeles, we went to Las Vegas and then to San Francisco.

4 _____
No, we slept in a caravan.

5 _____
No, we didn't fly. We drove.

6 _____
We drove because the flights were expensive.