# Leading People







## International Management English

## **Leading People**

Steve Flinders





1. Edition 1<sup>4 3 2</sup> | 2020 19 18

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#### Author acknowledgement

The author would like to thank Jeremy Comfort, whose ideas about developing people internationally underpin this book and without whom it would not have been possible.

ISBN 978-3-12-**501332**-2



#### Text acknowledgements

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## **Contents**

Ir	ntroduction	4	5 Defining roles	
L	earning diary	5	A Discussion and listening	48
		-	B Communication skills: Negotiating	50
Ν	leeds analysis	6	<ul><li>C Professional skills: Influencing</li><li>D Intercultural competence: Skills for</li></ul>	52
			working internationally	54
1	Becoming a better manager		Case study: Developing effective team	J-
	A Discussion and listening	8	communication	55
	<b>B</b> Communication skills: The four Ps	10	E Language reference	56
	C Professional skills: What good managers do	12	F Tips for defining roles	57
	<b>D</b> Intercultural competence: Some basic tools		<i>b b</i>	
	of intercultural communication	14	6 Draviding cupport	
	Case study: Adapting to a new culture	15	6 Providing support	
	E Language reference	16	A Discussion and listening	58
	<b>F</b> Tips for becoming a better manager	17	B Communication skills: Active listening	60
			C Professional skills: Coaching and mentoring	62
2	Building a team		D Intercultural competence: Attitudes to time	64
	A Discussion and listening	18	Case study: Creating a common culture	65
	<b>B</b> Communication skills: Building relationships	20	<ul><li>E Language reference</li><li>F Tips for providing support</li></ul>	67
	C Professional skills: A model for team leadership	22	r Tips for providing support	07
	D Intercultural competence: Stereotypes and			
	cultural differences	24	7 Giving and receiving feedback	
	Case study: Learning to work in a new culture	25	A Discussion and listening	68
	E Language reference	26	<b>B</b> Communication skills: Managing meetings	70
	F Tips for building a team	27	C Professional skills: Managing	
			underperformance	72
3	Getting and giving direction		<b>D</b> Intercultural competence: Feedback	_
Ĭ	A Discussion and listening	28	across cultures	74
	B Communication skills: Giving direction	20	Case study: Cultural merger	75
	and communication styles	30	E Language reference	76 77
	C Professional skills: What makes a great boss?	32	F Tips for giving and receiving feedback	//
	<b>D</b> Intercultural competence: Direction			
	and hierarchy	34	8 Representing a team	
	Case study: Establishing direction	35	A Discussion and listening	78
	E Language reference	36	<b>B</b> Communication skills: Effective presentations	80
	F Tips for getting and giving direction	37	C Professional skills: Understanding leadership	82
			<b>D</b> Intercultural competence: Celebrating success	
4	Organising teams		across cultures	84
ı	A Discussion and listening	38	Case study: Case-building exercise	85
	B Communication skills: Organising meetings	40	E Language reference	86
	C Professional skills: Female leadership	10	F Tips for representing a team	87
	and building engagement	42		
	D Intercultural competence:		Business word combinations	88
	Organisational culture	44	Activity file	90
	Case study: Interpolis	45	Activity life	90
	E Language reference	46	Audio script	98
	F Tips for organising teams	47	Answer key	106
				110
			Suggested further reading	111

### Introduction

At York Associates, we always aim to develop the skills which help professionals to do their jobs better. In recent years, we have worked hard to enrich our Business English and professional communication training with intercultural content. More recently, we have included a focus on important interpersonal and management skills for listening, building relationships and trust, influencing, etc.

Our approach is built on the premise that good communication is vital to achieving results at work. Effective international communicators need a blend of language, professional communication, intercultural and management skills to be successful.

Welcome to *International Management English*, a new series published jointly by York Associates and Delta Publishing. The four titles in this series are:

- Leading People
- Managing Projects
- Working Virtually
- Managing Change

Each book includes either one or two audio CDs.

## Professional language training with a management focus

Each book consists of eight units of study, containing four main sections per unit:

- Section A: Discussion and listening
   Engaging and relevant content in areas of international management and teamwork
- Section B: Communication skills
   Opportunities for the practice of key skills in areas such as conflict management, team building and giving/receiving feedback, as well as more familiar topics such as presentations, meetings, negotiations and writing e-mails
- Section C: Professional skills
   Authentic texts from leading management writers and thinkers, designed to encourage reflection and debate among readers
- Section D: Intercultural competence and Case study
   A focus on raising intercultural awareness, followed
   by illustrative case studies which are drawn from the
   authors' experience of the international business
   world

In addition, the book offers:

- a strong emphasis on vocabulary learning, with glossaries of key terms at the end of each unit
- practical tips on how to improve performance at work
- the opportunity to use a learning diary, which encourages the setting of realistic goals to implement the learning points from each unit.

At the end of the book, the Word list provides a useful list of key words, referenced to the page where the term is defined.

Having worked through the book, you will have developed not only your business language skills but also your ability to communicate and manage real challenges in your international working environment.

#### To the teacher

The four titles in this series represent a new development in ELT. They broaden the scope of teaching to include highly relevant management topics and skills. The materials are not only engaging for teachers, allowing them to introduce and develop new management communication skills in an ELT classroom; students are also motivated as they learn how to manage real professional communication challenges which they face at work on a daily basis.

Each title is designed primarily for work with both small and larger groups, but can also be used in one-to-one situations and has many features which will support self-study.

Across the eight units of each title, there is a strong focus on developing fluency and skills to communicate effectively in real work situations. There are opportunities to practise listening, reading and writing skills. The intercultural case studies in Section D are drawn from real-life examples and provide engaging discussion and problem-solving material for the ELT classroom.

There is online support for trainers (www.delta publishing.co.uk/resources) in the form of notes for each unit, which provide background information on the management topics and skills presented. There are also podcast interviews with the authors in which they discuss the ideas in the different titles, with practical tips for teachers on how to deal with the various topics and skills in the ELT classroom.

#### A final word

To both learner and teacher, we would like to express the hope that you find the materials stimulating, and that they help people to communicate more effectively at work.

Introduction

## **Learning diary**

Accelerate your learning by using this 'learning diary'. Make eight photocopies of this page, one for each unit. Note down important new words and expressions from the unit as you study. Make notes to help you remember any good advice you get on how to communicate and be effective across cultures. Then decide on some actions you can take to help to consolidate the things you have learned.

Unit number:		
1 Language Important (new) words and expressions for me from this unit are:		
2 Professional communication skills Important (new) expressions and communication tips for me from this unit are:		
3 Intercultural competence Important information/tips to be effective across cultures for me from this unit are:		
4 Actions To help me to consolidate all the learning points above, I need to:		

## **Needs analysis**

Introduction You can use this Needs analysis to help you think about how to make the most of this course and to maximise your learning.

Your communication First, think about who you communicate with in English. Draw a communication network showing the individuals or groups of people with whom you communicate in your work. Follow the example and note down the medium of communication you use, e.g. face-toface, phone, e-mail, teleconference, etc., for each of them.



weekly team meetings, face to face, informal chats in corridor and during lunch, occasional evening social events. E-mail contact with team members in Brazil.

Think about your communication network. Have you got your priorities right? Have you got the type of communication right in each case? Are you spending the right amount of time communicating with each individual or group?

Your communication What do you have to do in English? Think about your communication profile in English as you complete these tables. For frequency, use a scale of 1 to 5 (1 = never, 2 = occasionally,3 = sometimes, 4 = often, 5 = very often). For difficulty, use another scale of 1 to 5 (1 = very easy, 2 = easy, 3 = sometimes causes problems, 4 = difficult, 5 = very difficult).Where are the biggest gaps?

#### Leadership skills

skill	frequency	difficulty
Building a team		
Giving direction		
Organising people		
Defining roles for people		
Providing support for people		
Giving and receiving feedback		
Representing the team		

**Needs analysis** 

#### Professional communication skills

skill	frequency	difficulty
Presenting		
Meeting		
Negotiating		
Telephoning		
Socialising		
E-mailing		

#### Interpersonal skills

skill	frequency	difficulty
Building relationships		
Networking		
Building trust		
Influencing		
Making decisions		
Managing conflict		

	langua	
CO	mmuni	ication
	cha	llenges

You lead people in an international context and you use a foreign language to do so. Think about and write down what the biggest language and communication challen

	Think about and write down what the biggest language and communication challenges facing you are:		
	2		
Your intercultural challenges	What are the biggest intercultural challenges that you face?		
	2		
	What would most help you to improve your ability to communicate effectively in an international context? Think carefully about this question and then write down your answers.		
	1		

**Your future learning** As part of your learning plan, what targets can you fix for yourself? Start a learning diary *targets* (see page 5) and set targets for your future learning using this frame:

In one month's time, I aim to be able to
In three months' time, I aim to be able to
In six months' time, I aim to be able to
In one year's time. I aim to be able to

**Needs analysis** 



## Becoming a better manager

True leadership must be for the benefit of the followers, not the enrichment of the leaders. In combat, officers eat last.

> Robert Townsend (1920–1988), CEO of Avis and author of Up the Organisation

#### AIMS

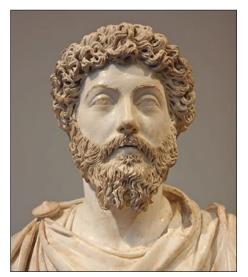
- A To understand what makes a good manager
- **B** To study effective communication techniques
- C To reflect on the skills good managers have
- **D** To learn some basic tools of intercultural communication

#### A Discussion and listening -

- Think about it 1 Who have you managed, and in what situations? Give your partner a brief summary of your management experience.
  - 2 Which of these words and phrases do you associate with managing? Compare your answers with a partner.

boring challenging difficult easy exciting rewarding something you're born with

something you can learn



Marcus Aurelius, Roman emperor (161-180 AD) a great leader and a great leadership thinker

3 What do you think makes a good manager? Work with a partner to produce what you think are the eight most important qualities and skills of a good manager. Then compare your results with those of other pairs.

#### Listen to this 4

- Listen to an interview with Hélène Baron, Director of Human Resources in a large French company. She talks about becoming a manager.
  - a What is Hélène's first definition of a manager?
  - **b** What is her other definition?
  - c Does she think we can teach people to manage?
  - d What choice should we all be encouraged to make?
- Listen to the second part of the interview and answer these questions.
  - a How did she feel when she first became a manager? Why?
  - **b** What is MBWA?
  - c What else did she learn?

Facus on Innovers		
rocus on language	-	with the correct form of the word <i>manage</i> .  f experience but I'm sure that one day she'll make a good
	<b>b</b> He's quite new tothe beginning.	, so you would expect him to make a few mistakes at
		qualities while he was in the post.
		at department can be so difficult that sometimes they are
	7 Complete each of these ty that they match the definit	pical word combinations with the correct form of manage so tions.
	abuyout	when a company's managers buy the company they work for
	bdirector	the top manager in a company
	c marketing	the person in charge of marketing in a company
	<b>d</b> fund	an insurance company investment fund for small investors
	e middle	the organisational layer between junior and senior in a company
	fboard	the senior committee responsible for the day-to-day
		operations of a company
	gexperience	what you need to be a good manager
	h micro	to direct and control people in a very detailed way
	8 Match the verbs (1–10) wi management qualities.	th the words or phrases (a–j) to make a list of
	A good manager	
	1 has	a clearly.
	2 builds	<b>b</b> objectives.
	3 gets	c mistakes and recognises this.
	4 implements	d roles clearly.
	5 adds	e shocks.
	6 communicates	f value.
	7 makes	g a vision.
	8 sets	h trust.
	9 defines	i strategy.
	10 absorbs	j results.

9 Describe a good manager you know. Try to use words and phrases from this section.

## Let's talk 10 What is your management profile? Create a brief profile of yourself and present it to your partner.

Management experience before full-time employment:	What I like about managing:
Years of management experience:	What I don't like about managing:
Different management positions:	As a manager, what I'm good at:
Number of people responsible for:	Where I need to improve:

#### **B** Communication skills: The four Ps



#### Think about it 1 Which of these do you spend most time doing in English?

- a presenting
- **b** taking part in meetings
- **c** leading meetings
- **d** writing
- e telephoning
- f tele- and video-conferencing
- **g** business socialising
- h other

Which do you like most and least? Share your answers with a partner.

#### Listen to this 2

- Jeremy Comfort is an expert in international communication. He helps managers all over the world to communicate more effectively at international level. Listen to him talking about the Four Ps of business communication.
- a Note down what the Four Ps are.
- **b** Why does Jeremy think that people should spend more time thinking about communication?



Jeremy Comfort

Jeremy talks about the nine stages that different communication situations have in common. As you listen, write down each of the stages (a-i).

- Focus on language 4 You are planning an event and need to communicate with others about it. Complete the table on page 11, matching statements a-d to the Four Ps.
  - a Different people especially ones from different cultures may have different ideas about how the event should be managed. We mustn't take it for granted that the way we do things is the same as the way they do things. We need to agree on rules and procedures at the start.
  - b Everyone needs to be clear about who does what. We need to know what contribution each of us is expected to make.
  - c We have to think carefully about what needs to be done in advance in order to make the event a success.
  - **d** We have to be clear about the aims of the event, and we have to make sure that everyone understands and accepts these. (If they don't, we may have to negotiate new ones.)