# Grammar Dlanet



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### **★** The Spiral Curriculum of the *Grammar Planet* Series

Grammar Planet 1		Grammar Planet 2		Grammar Planet 3	
Grammar Points new to students in Book 1		Grammar Points new to students in Book 2		Grammar Points new to students in Book 3	
		Spiraling back to Book 1		Spiraling back to Book 1	
		Spiraling back to Book 1		Spiraling back to Book 2	
	Nouns		Articles and Nouns		Pronouns
U1	Articles <i>a/an</i> and Nouns	U1	Articles <i>a/an/the</i> and Nouns	U1	Subject, Possessive, and Demonstrative Pronouns
U2	Singular and Regular Plural Nouns	U2	Singular and Plural Nouns (Regular / Irregular)	Simple Present and Present Continuous	
	Pronouns + The Verb Be	U3	Count and Noncount Nouns	U2	Simple Present
U3	Pronouns + Be		The Verb <i>Be</i>	U3	Simple Present: The Verb Be
U4	Pronouns + Be + Not	U4	There + The Verb Be	U4	Present Continuous
U5	Be + Pronouns: Yes / No Questions	U5	The Verb <i>Be</i> : Affirmative and Negative		Future
Possessives, Demonstratives, and Information Questions		U6	The Verb <i>Be</i> : Yes / No Questions	U5	Future: Affirmative and Negative
U6	Possessives		Simple Present	U6	Future: Yes / No Questions
U7	Demonstratives	U7	Simple Present: Affirmative (Regular / Irregular)		Simple Past
U8	Demonstratives: Yes / No Questions	U8	Simple Present: Negative	U7	Simple Past: The Verb <i>Be</i>
U9	Information Questions: What	U9	Simple Present: Yes / No Questions	U8	Simple Past: Regular Verbs
	Simple Present		Present Continuous	U9	Simple Past: Irregular Verbs
U10	Simple Present: Affirmative	U10	Present Continuous: Affirmative	U10	Simple Past: Yes / No Questions
U11	Simple Present: Negative	U11	Present Continuous: Negative		Adjectives and Adverbs
U12	Simple Present: Yes / No Questions	U12	Present Continuous: Yes / No Questions	U11	Adjectives
Modal	l Verbs and Prepositions of Place		Adjectives	U12	Adverbs
U13	Modal Verbs: Can	U13	Adjectives	U13	Comparatives
U14	Prepositions of Place	U14	Comparatives	U14	Superlatives
Information Questions and Suggestions		Impera	tives and Information Questions	Informa	ation Questions and Modal Verbs
U15	Information Questions: What / How old	U15	Imperatives	U15	Information Questions: When / What (day / time) and Prepositions of Time
U16	Suggestions: <i>Let's</i>	U16	Information Questions: Who/What/Where/How much	U16	Modal Verbs: Can, May, Should

## How to Use This Book

Grammar Planet is a three-level series of grammar books designed to improve lower-elementary school students' accuracy in English. This series helps students build a solid foundation of basic, high-frequency English grammar structures. Grammar Planet implements a spiral curriculum to ensure that students review and build on previously learned grammar structures. Each unit consists of four pages, which are structured as follows:



### **Presenting the Grammar Point**



### **Concise Grammar Charts**

Simple and clear grammar charts show the basic pattern of the grammar point being taught.

### **Context with Illustrations**

Short conversations use the target grammar structures to draw students' attention to the grammar form. Illustrations give students a visual image of a situation when the target grammar might be used.

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### Language Tracking: Practicing with Easy-to-Follow Activities

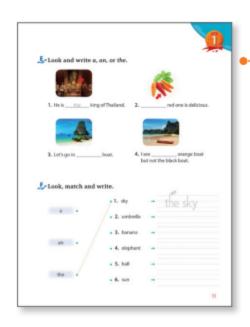


### **Simple Practice**

Simple activities such as circling, matching, and filling in blanks enable students to learn how to accurately use the key grammar point of each unit.



### **More Practice with Fun and Relevant Activities**



### **More Complex Practice**

More complex activities go deeper to add to students' understanding of the grammar introduced in the simple practice activity on the previous page.





### Speaking / Writing Launch

A fun, learner-centered activity allows students to practice speaking or writing using the grammar point that they have learned.

### **Language Station**

To wrap up the unit, students answer simple questions using the grammar that they have learned in the current unit as well as the previous two.

### **Midterm and Final Tests**

Midterm and final tests are included at the back of the book to assess learners' progress.

### **Workbook and Teachers' Materials**

A detachable workbook provides three review pages for each unit. The workbook activities can be completed in class or assigned as homework.

# Scope and Sequence

	Unit Title	<b>Grammar Point</b>	Target Pattern		
1	He is the king.	Articles a / an / the	a flower / an apple a king / the king		
•	Thailand Nouns		the sun / the sky / the moon		
2	They are children. Cambodia	Singular and Plural Nouns (Regular / Irregular)	cloud / clouds man / men bus / buses woman / women baby / babies child / children leaf / leaves mouse / mice		
3	I want some bread. Vietnam	Count and Noncount Nouns	an apple / three apples a child / two children some water / some ice cream		
4	There are kangaroos. Australia	There + The Verb Be	There is a kangaroo. / There are kangaroos. There is water. There is some cheese.		
5	She's not a singer. Korea	The Verb <i>Be</i> : Affirmative and Negative	I am (not) a student. She / He / It is (not) loud. We / You / They are (not) students.		
6	Are you a teacher? New Zealand	The Verb <i>Be</i> : Yes / No Questions	Am I late? Yes, you are. / No, you aren't. Are we / you / they late? Yes, you / we / they are. No, you / we / they aren't. Is she / he / it late? Yes, she / he / it is. / No, she / he / it isn't.		
7	He gets up at seven every day.  Mongolia	Simple Present: Affirmative (Regular / Irregular)	I / You / We / They get up at seven every day. He / She / It gets up at seven every day. watch—watches / cry—cries have—has / do—does / go—goes		
8	She doesn't have a hat. Nepal	Simple Present: Negative	I / You / We / They don't get up early. She / He / It doesn't get up early.		
9	Do you have a cat? Singapore	Simple Present: Yes / No Questions	Do you have a dog? Yes, I do. / No, I don't. Does she have a dog? Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.		

	Unit Title	<b>Grammar Point</b>	Target Pattern		
10	He's dancing. Indonesia	Present Continuous: Affirmative	I am dancing now.  She / He / It is dancing now.  We / You / They are dancing now.  eat—eating / sit—sitting / ride—riding		
11	We're not moving. UAE	Present Continuous: Negative	I'm not moving now. She / He / It isn't moving now. We / You / They aren't moving now.		
12	Are you dancing? Turkey	Present Continuous: Yes / No Questions	Am I dancing? Yes, you are. / No, you aren't. Are they dancing? Yes, they are. / No, they aren't. Is he dancing? Yes, he is. / No, he isn't.		
13	They are slow. India	Adjectives	slow cows The cows are slow. fast bikes The bikes aren't slow. a funny story The story is funny. an old car The car is old. a new toy The toy isn't old.		
14	It's bigger than you. Sri Lanka	Comparatives	fast / faster big / bigger happy / happier expensive / more expensive A plane is more expensive than a car.		
15	Don't touch it. Japan	Imperatives	Be quiet. Don't talk. Use chopsticks. Don't use a spoon. Sit down. Don't stand up. Take off your shoes. Don't put on shoes.		
16	What are you eating? China	Information Questions	Who is eating? Andy is eating. What is he eating? He's eating an apple. Where is he eating? He's eating in a bus. How much is it? It's 2 dollars.		



### Meet the Murphy family!











### **Articles and Nouns**

Article		Article + Noun		
a	Any one thing	a flower a bird a camera		
an	Any one thing	an igloo an orange an umbrella		
the	Only one thing	the sun the sky the moon the sea the king		
	A specific thing	the blue book the small dog		

### **B** Look and choose.





### **S** Look and circle.



1. Holly has (a)/ the) book. The book is about Thailand.



2. There are two balls.

Max chases (a / the) white ball.



3. (A / The) sky is blue. The sun is yellow.



**4**. Roxie sits on (a / the) chair. The chair is red.

### Look, match, and circle.



- 1. Try (a)/ an) dragon fruit.
- **3.** They ride (a / an) elephant.
- 2. (A / The) moon is in (a / the) sky.
- **4.** (A / The) big elephant is the small elephant's mother.



### Look and write a, an, or the.



**1.** He is <u>the</u> king of Thailand.



2. \_\_\_\_\_ red one is delicious.



**3.** Let's take \_\_\_\_\_\_ boat in the **4.** I see \_\_\_\_\_ orange boat. middle.



### **Look**, read, and write.









1. I see a kite. \_\_The\_\_ kite is in \_\_the\_\_ sky.

2. I see \_\_\_\_\_ umbrella. \_\_\_\_ umbrella is pretty.

**3.** I see a dog. \_\_\_\_\_ dog has \_\_\_\_\_ bone.

**4.** I see rabbits. \_\_\_\_\_ rabbits are on the grass.

# Nriting ...

Look and write.



1. <u>boy</u>
2. \_\_\_\_

an
3.\_\_\_\_\_
4.\_\_\_\_

5.\_\_\_\_\_ 6.\_\_\_\_



### Language Station

Unit 1

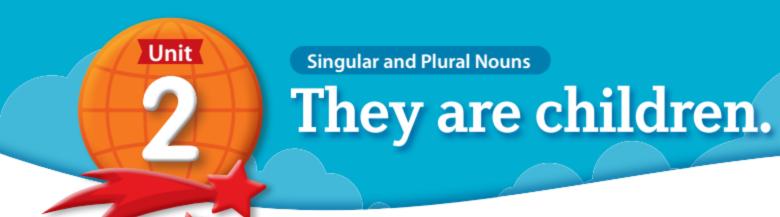
Read and write *a*, *an*, or *the*.

On a beach in Thailand, Andy and Cam play with 1 \_\_\_\_\_ ball. 2 \_\_\_\_\_ ball is white. Holly has 3\_\_\_\_\_ book. 4 \_\_\_\_\_ book is fun to read! Holly sits under

5 \_\_\_\_\_ umbrella. 6 \_\_\_\_\_ umbrella is blue. Max sees 7 \_\_\_\_\_

sun in **8** \_\_\_\_\_ sky. He thinks it is like a big ball.







### A Look and learn.

### **Singular and Plural Nouns**

		Singular Noun	Plural Noun	
	+ -s	a cloud a banana	two clouds four bananas	
Regular	+ -es	a bus	three bus <b>es</b>	
Nouns	+ -ies	a bab <mark>y</mark> → -ies	two bab <b>ies</b>	
	+ -ves	a lea <del>f</del> )→ -ves	four leaves	
Irregular Nouns		a foot a child	two <b>feet</b> four <b>children</b>	
		a man a woman	three men six women	
		a mouse	five <b>mice</b>	

