

ON THE COVER A musician walking to work with his double bass in Havana, La Habana, Cuba. A double bass is the largest musical instrument in the violin family. © Jeremy Woodhouse Photography

VOICES

EMILY BRYSON





National Geographic Learning, a Cengage Company

Voices Level 3 Workbook, 1st Edition Emily Bryson

Publisher: Andrew Robinson Managing Editor: Derek Mackrell Development Editor: Kirsty Hine

Director of Global Marketing: lan Martin

Heads of Regional Marketing:

Charlotte Ellis (Europe, Middle East, and Africa)

Irina Pereyra (Latin America)

Justin Kaley (Asia)

Joy MacFarland (U.S. and Canada)

Product Marketing Manager: Caitlin Thomas

Production Manager: Daisy Sosa Media Researcher: Leila Hishmeh Art Director: Brenda Carmichael

Operations Support: Hayley Chwazik-Gee

Manufacturing Manager: Mary Beth Hennebury

Audio Producer: NY Audio Composition: Composure © 2023 Cengage Learning, Inc.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED. No part of this work covered by the copyright herein may be reproduced or distributed in any form or by any means, except as permitted by U.S. copyright law, without the prior written permission of the copyright owner.

"National Geographic," "National Geographic Society," and the Yellow Border Design are registered trademarks of the National Geographic Society ® Marcas Registradas

For permission to use material from this text or product, submit all requests online at **cengage.com/permissions**Further permissions questions can be emailed to **permissionrequest@cengage.com**

Workbook ISBN: 978-0-357-44435-1

National Geographic Learning

200 Pier 4 Boulevard Boston, MA 02210 U.S.A.

Locate your local office at international.cengage.com/region

Visit National Geographic Learning online at **ELTNGL.com**Visit our corporate website at **www.cengage.com**



Contents

1	All about me	4
2	Memory	10
1&2	Review 1	16
3	Food for thought	18
4	Goals and ambition	24
3&4	Review 2	30
5	Home and away	32
6	Journeys	38
5&6	Review 3	44
7	Inspiration for change	46
8	The world of work	52
7&8	Review 4	58
9	Health and happiness	60
10	Entertainment	66
810	Review 5	72
11	Challenges	74
12	Technology	80
1&12	Review 6	86
	Audioscripts	88
	Irregular verbs	97
	Dronunciation chart	00

All about me

Reading

1 Skim the online forum on page 5. Write the correct names under the photos (a–d).









2 Read the online forum again. Complete the sentences with the correct names from the online forum.

1	 lives by the ocea	n.
2	talks about food country.	from their
3	studies compute	r science.
4	 and	like sports.
5	likes meeting pe	ople.
6	and	can't cook.

3	What is the main purpose of the posts?
	Check (✓) the correct answer.

a	to give information about a class	
b	to introduce themselves to other people	
C	to review a cooking class	

Look at the Learning to Learn box. Then do the task.

LEARNING TO LEARN: READING

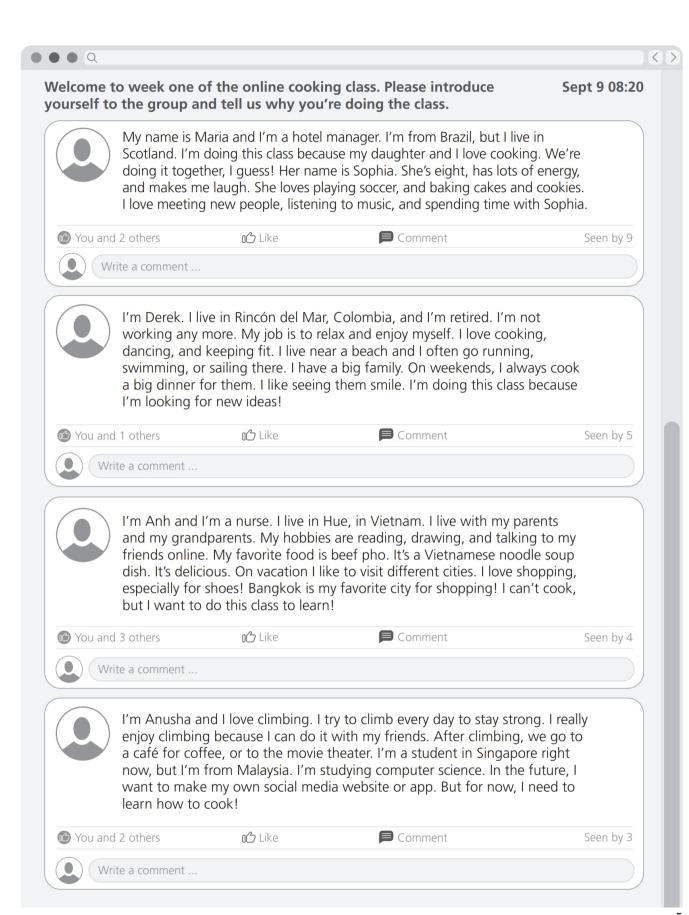
Practicing skimming outside the classroom

Skimming helps you to understand what a text is about quickly. Outside the classroom, skimming can help you read signs, ads, menus, emails, and other texts quickly. You can practice skimming at home with this technique:

- Find three different texts (e.g., a book, a news article, a website, an ad, a text message). These can be in your language or in English.
- Now read the texts quickly to understand the main idea. Make notes about the main idea.
- Read the texts again more slowly and check your notes.

Try the technique from the box. Make notes for the questions below.

- 1 Which text was easy to skim?
- 2 Which text was difficult?
- 3 What helped you to skim?



Grammar

Adverbs of frequency

- 1 Rewrite the sentences using the adverbs.
 - 1 I get up at 6 a.m. (every morning)
 - 2 It's easy for me to make new friends. (usually)
 - 3 Kevin goes to his chess club. (once a week)
 - 4 Lena goes to the gym. (a lot)
 - 5 I forget to do my homework. (rarely)
 - 6 They are pleased to see me. (always)
- **2** Bibi does the same activities every week. Look at her schedule. Complete the sentences with these words.

always	never	once a week
twice a week	several time	es a week

	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri
get up early	1	1	1	1	1
go to the gym	✓		✓		1
see friends		1		✓	1
study English	1				
clean the house			1		1

1	Bibi	gets up early on
	weekdays.	

- 2 She _____ goes to the gym on Thursdays.
- 3 She cleans the house ______.
- 4 She studies English ______.
- 5 She sees friends ______.



Listening

1 Nou are going to listen to people talk about what makes them feel good. Match the topics with the person who talks about them.

dancing	exercise	friends	looking good
1 Ally		3 Viktor	
2 Manuel		4 Lin	

- 2 A 1.1 Listen again. Complete the sentences.
 - 1 Dancing to my favorite song makes me feel ______.
 - 2 This party is in a nice restaurant, so the right shirt is ______.
 - 3 I always feel absolutely _____ after a really good basketball game.
 - 4 I'm happiest when I'm with my friends. I'm always in a _____ mood when I'm with them.

Grammar

Simple present and present progressive

- 1 Circle the correct option to complete the sentences.
 - 1 I rarely drink / I'm rarely drinking coffee.
 - 2 Are you usually feeling / Do you usually feel confident?
 - 3 Rekha's enjoying / enjoys her vacation in Honduras at the moment.
 - 4 Manoj *goes / is going* to the gym four or five times a week.
 - 5 *I'm not joking / I don't joke*. Look out the window. It's really snowing!
- 2 Rewrite the words in the correct order to make sentences or questions in the simple present or present progressive. Use the time phrases to help you.

1	living in / Santiago / we / are / now / right
2	how often / go / do / you / beach / the / to / ?
3	right / what / you / are / doing / now / ?
4	park / every / night / I / run / around / the / usually
5	Hush! / on / the / talking / phone / I'm / !
6	takeout / order / a / week / we / twice / once / or

3 Complete the conversation with the simple present or present progressive form of the verbs.

A:	Let's go! We ¹ (yo	
B:	Oh! These? They ³ favorite sneakers.	(be) my
A:	They ⁴ (not hiking! I ⁵ boots.	
B:	l ⁶ (not h boots. ⁷ (y them?	
A:	Yes, I do! It ⁸ dangerous to go hiking in s size ⁹ (be)	neakers. What
B:	I usually ¹⁰	_ (wear) a size 7.
A:	Perfect! Put these on, then	let's go! Joe

Look at the Learning to Learn box. Then do the task.

11_____ (wait) for us.

LEARNING TO LEARN: GRAMMAR

Understanding tenses

Choosing the right tense can be difficult. Some tenses can have similar uses, and the use of tenses doesn't always match perfectly between languages. When you learn a new tense, it can help to take notes on:

- how to make the tense (e.g., present progressive = is / are + verb -ing).
- rules for when to use the tense (e.g., present progressive = for temporary actions).
- time phrases (e.g., present progressive = now, right now, at the moment).
- examples (e.g., present progressive = I'm watching TV right now.).

Use the tips in the box to make notes for the simple present and the present progressive. Then take notes for the questions below.

- 1 What was difficult or easy for you about this technique?
- 2 How useful was the technique? Do you think you will use it again?

Pronunciation

Stressing words to express strong opinions

- 1 A 1.2 Listen and circle the word that the speaker stresses.
 - 1 I really hate shopping.
 - 2 I always feel absolutely amazing after a game of tennis.
 - 3 I feel so great when I'm riding my bike.
 - 4 No, I definitely don't like studying.
 - 5 Yes, I do enjoy meeting people.
- 2 12 Listen again and repeat. Use the correct stress.

Vocabulary

Personality adjectives

1 Complete the definitions with these words.

confident patient	creative professional	friendly serious	honest
1 be	: being q things a much	uiet and car and not laug	
2 be	: knowin someth	g that you c ing well	an do
3 be	: telling t telling l		d not
4 be	: working job wel		loing your
5 be	: being h things y	appy to wai ou want	t for
6 be	: being w to othe	varm and we r people	elcoming
7 be	: being g and hav	ood at maki ving new ide	0



2 Circle the correct options to complete the text.



Paulo

amal

What are you like at work?

I want people to think I'm

¹professional / friendly, so I always
wear a shirt and tie. I'm quite quiet, so
people often say I'm ²confident / serious,
but I like to think that I'm quite ³friendly /
patient. I usually talk to everyone and ask
how they are feeling.

I think my boss likes me. She says I'm ⁴creative / confident because I often give her ideas to save time and money. But she also says that I'm too shy in meetings. I'm trying to be more ⁵serious / confident and speak out more. She's helping me with that and she's a really ⁶honest / patient teacher.

Pronunciation

Saying long and short sounds (1): /i:/ and /ɪ/

1 A 1.3 Listen and number the words in the order you hear them.

2 13 Listen again and repeat.

Writing

1 Read the statements. Are they formal (F) or informal (I)? Write F or I.

1 I'm fun, friendly, and confident! ____

2 I am a professional and creative graduate.

3 I would like to be a part of your team. _____

- 4 I'd love to join your group.
- 2 Match the texts (A and B) with the type of texts (1 and 2).

1 a welcome message for an online club _____

2 a job ad

A

Confident people wanted to join our exciting team

We are looking for people for our team of street performers. For more information, send us a short message about yourself.

Welcome to the Online Art Club!

Everyone is welcome. We're a friendly place and we want to know all about you. Tell us a little about yourself.

- 3 Write a personal profile about you to respond to an ad from Exercise 2. Write 40–60 words. Use Exercise 1 and the notes below to help you.
 - Describe your personality.
 - Describe your skills or hobbies.
 - Use the correct writing style for the situation.
 - Use adverbs of frequency.
 - Use present tenses.
- **4** Check your personal profile. Use the checklist.

 \square Are the spelling and punctuation correct?

☐ Are the grammar and vocabulary correct?

☐ Does your profile include all the information from the notes in Exercise 3?

Look at the Learning to Learn box. Complete your learning journal.

LEARNING TO LEARN: YOUR JOURNAL

A language-learning journal is a record of your learning. It can help you review your classes, see your progress, and make notes about areas for more progress. You can make a journal by writing in your notebook, making an audio or video diary, or by creating a "Journal" document on your computer.

- 1 Read the questions (a–d) and write your answers.
 - a Was Unit 1 easy, difficult, or just right? Why? What was difficult for you?
 - b What did you learn? Make a list for:
 - grammar
 - vocabulary
 - pronunciation
 - skills (e.g., listening, reading, critical thinking).
 - c How do you feel about the areas in question b? Why?
 - d What do you want to know more about or practice more? What do you need to review?
- 2 Choose how you want to make your journal. Make a journal entry about your learning in Unit 1. Use your answers in Task 1 to help you.