





Student's Book

with Interactive eBook

-C1+ -

Unit	Grammar	Vocabulary	Skills
DIGITAL ST	ARTER UNIT		
UNIT 1 Working it out page 7	Future tenses Other ways to talk about the future	Expressing change Phrasal verbs	Reading and Use of English Part 8 Reading: Think outside the box: Tammy's take on tomorrow Listening Part 2 Speaking Part 2 Writing Part 2
UNIT 2 Body positive Page 17	No, not, none, neither and nor Conditional concepts	Body idioms Health collocations	Reading and Use of English Part 5 Reading: Think outside the box: Beware the fitfluencers Listening Part 1 Speaking Part 4 W Writing Part 2
Food for thought Page 27	Linking ideas: relative clauses Linking ideas: participle clauses Linking ideas: relative pronouns with prepositions	Describing food Phrasal verbs – food and drink	Reading and Use of English Part 6 Listening: Think outside the box: A podcast Reading and Use of English Part 1 Listening Part 3 Writing Part 2
UNIT 4 Among friends Page 37	Comparatives and superlatives review Comparatives and superlatives extension	Friendship Personality traits	Reading and Use of English Part 7 Reading: Think outside the box: Dear Abie Listening: emotional intelligence Speaking Part 1 W IN Writing Part 2
UNIT 5 Time out Page 47	Inversion Multi-word verbs	Expressions about time Multi word verbs – time	Reading: How the clock came to control us Reading and Use of English Part 4 Reading: Think outside the box: Slow down, live better Reading and Use of English Part 2 Listening: A radio programme Writing Part 1
DIGITAL RE	VIEW 1 🖳		
UNIT 6 What's in a word? page 57	Impersonal reporting structures Preferences, wishes and regrets	Multi word verbs – communication Body language idioms and verbs	Reading and Use of English Part 5 Reading: Think outside the box: Why I shut up for a day Listening Part 1 W Writing Part 2
UNIT 7 Community spirit page 67	Modal verbs extension Complex prepositions	Community and belonging Urbanisation	Reading and Use of English Part 8 Reading: Think outside the box: Happy hermits Listening: a podcast W Writing Part 2
UNIT 8 It's not fair! page 77	Passive extension Passive verbs with two objects Passive for information flow	Progress and achievement collocations Adverbadjective collocations	Reading and Use of English Part 2 Reading: Think outside the box: Letting the garden regrow Listening Part 4 Speaking Part 3 Writing Part 1
UNIT 9 The fame game Page 87	Cleft sentences Ellipsis and substitution	Fame Adjectives about fame	Reading and Use of English Part 3; Reading and Use of English Part 7 Reading: Think outside the box: When fame arrives unwanted Listening Part 3 Speaking Part 4 Writing Part 2
DIGITAL REVIEW 2			

Oracy	Employability Skills	Sustainability	STEAM
Interview skills Controlling the volume and projection of your voice with precision Using appropriate language and register according to the context Maintaining focus, planning the points you want to make and adapting your approach to the situation	Collaboration and Teamwork: Give practical and emotional support Communication: Explain and justify your ideas to a partner		
Using intonation Rhetorical devices Using set phrases	Emotional Intelligence: Research misleading influencers Collaboration and Teamwork: Listen actively	Exploring sustainability: Consider the welfare of present and future generations Knowledge: Appreciating interdependence	Biology, Maths Should gene editing be allowed?
Presentation skills Using a range of gestures and body movements when speaking in front of others Organising the content and structure of your talk to convey meaning Speaking confidently and engaging your audience in different ways	Innovation and Problem solving: Research and brainstorm ideas Communication: Discuss and structure ideas		Food Technology, Chemistry, Biology How can we reduce food waste?
Comforting others Using idioms	Leadership and Global Citizenship: Effective leadership Critical Thinking and Decision Making: Use evidence to support your answers Emotional Intelligence: Help employees in the workplace	Exploring sustainability: Understanding how beliefs and values contribute to sustainable and unsustainable behaviours Values: Understanding beliefs and values	
Having an open and respectful discussion Expressing opinions with supporting reasons Respecting the feelings and views of others Using a wide range of linguistic devices	Professional Intelligence and Management: Manage your time Innovation and Problem Solving: Ways to cope with time pressure		
			Physics, Maths, Design and Technology How do we tell the time?
Using gestures Apologising	Innovation and Problem solving: Learning and creativity Communication: When to be silent Critical Thinking and Decision Making: Distinguish between fact and opinion	Exploring sustainability: Understanding the bigger picture Innovation: Exploring perspectives	
Managing conflict Respecting and building on the feelings and views of others in a discussion Using vocabulary and phrases effectively to moderate debates Controlling the volume of my voice to avoid aggravating conflict	Collaboration and Teamwork: Manage and resolve conflict Emotional Intelligence: Demonstrate self-awareness		Physics, Biology, Engineering How could we live in the moon?
Identifying strong and weak arguments Planning and structuring a talk effectively	Leadership and Global Citizenship: Initiate on global issues Critical Thinking and Decision Making: Justify decisions	Exploring sustainability: Taking action toward a sustainable future for all Transformation: making positive change	
Interview techniques Using intonation for emphasis Using body movements during interviews and discussions Using open-ended questions in an interview	Critical Thinking and Decision Making: Reflect on your feelings Communication: Adapt communication styles		
			Biology, Climate Science How can we save the coral reefs?
Digital classroom, Practice Extra			

Digital classroom: Practice Extra





Shining Lights

Student's Book



C1+

UNIT 1 WORKING IT OUT

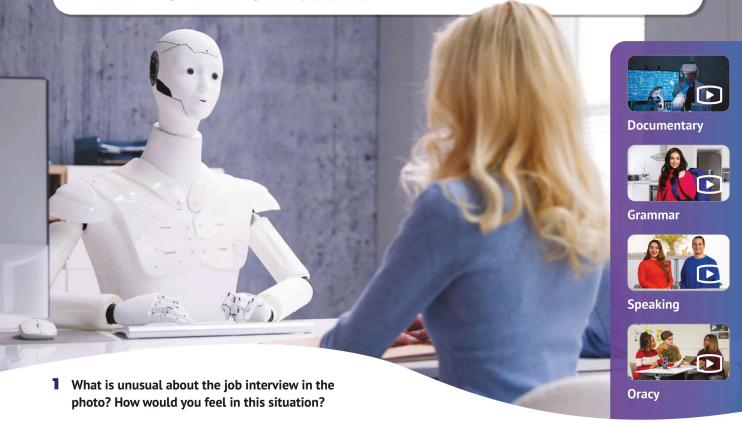
LEARNING AIMS

- Skills: read, listen to and understand texts about work experience and Universal Basic Income
- **Grammar**: review and practise future tenses, and other ways to talk about the future
- Vocabulary: learn and practise phrases for expressing change, phrasal verbs
- **Employability**: support others, present views effectively and clearly
- **Exam practice**: Reading and Use of English Part 8, Listening Part 2, Speaking Part 2, Writing Part 2 (a proposal)

ORACY

Interview skills

- controlling the volume and projection of your voice with precision
- using appropriate language and register according to the context
- maintaining focus, planning the points you want to make and adapting your approach to the situation



Watch the video. Which of the three jobs mentioned most appeals to you? Why?

3 Discuss the questions with a partner.

- 1 Have you ever had an interview? If so, what was it for and how did it go?
- 2 What does a typical job interview involve?
- Thinking about your ideas in Exercise 3, how can suggestions 1–5 help a job candidate to do well in an interview?
 - 1 Speak calmly and clearly.
 - 2 Answer questions politely.
 - 3 Maintain eye contact with the interviewer.
 - 4 Think about what you want to say before saying it.
 - 5 Sit up straight and don't cross your legs.

VOCABULARY

EXPRESSING CHANGE

1 Go to the digital activity. Match the phrases in the box to the meanings. There are two for each.

adapt to changing circumstances
bring about a dramatic change
change beyond recognition
experience a gradual change
make a fresh start make sweeping changes
move with the times remain unchanged
see a slow but steady shift
start again from scratch stay the same
undergo a complete transformation

2 Go the digital activity.

3	Ma	atch the sentence halves and complete the $oldsymbol{arphi}$	japs.		
	1	During the industrial revolution, the nature	e of	а	s, rather than keep going with
	•	work u <u>nderwent</u> a			something you know will fail.
	2	The rise of food delivery apps has brought about a d		b	the times, especially in terms of technology and social media.
	3	Many industries are currently experiencing	a \	С	the same, such as carpentry, painting and
	•	slow but	~)		decorating and gardening.
	4	The rise of online shopping has forced mar	ny	d	changes to how they operate.
		stores to make s		е	u, while hairstyle fashions continue to
	5	Over the years, factories have changed bey	ond		come and go.
	6	When it comes to your career, making a f	\	f	s shift from the current five-day working week towards a four-day week.
	7	The skills of a hairdresser basically remain	,	\ a	complete transformation, as people increasingly
	8	The most successful companies are those t		9	took up work in factories.
		m with		h	start several times in life is much more common
	9	Young people today need to be able to ada	pt		than it used to be.
		to c		i	change in how restaurants advertise and do
7	10	When an idea isn't working, it's often bette	r to	i	business. circumstances in their working lives more than
	11	start again from Many fields of work are experiencing a		J	earlier generations did.
		g		k	r, with robots doing many of the tasks
1	12	Despite advances in technology, some worl	k has		that humans used to do.
		essentially s		I	change from fixed working hours to more
_					flexible arrangements. each of the following areas. Use the vocabulary
		om Exercise 1. ducation entertainment sports trans	port t	trave	el work
	E				
	IS	ADING AND E OF ENGLISH			M TASK IG AND USE OF ENGLISH PART 8
		E OF ENGLISH	REA	DIN	
M			REA 2 You ta	DIN ou ai ilk al	IG AND USE OF ENGLISH PART 8 re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the
M 1	IU Dis	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever	REA 2 You ta	DIN ou ai alk al umm	IG AND USE OF ENGLISH PART 8 re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the er holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for
_	IU Dis do	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job?	REA 2 You ta su w	DIN ou ai alk al umm ords	IG AND USE OF ENGLISH PART 8 re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the ter holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for the which have a similar meaning.
_	IU Dis do If r	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job? not, would you like to? What are the	REA 2 You ta su w	DIN ou ar alk al umm ords	IG AND USE OF ENGLISH PART 8 re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the eer holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for which have a similar meaning.
_	Dis do If r	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job?	REA 2 You ta su w	DIN ou ai alk al umm ords /hich	IG AND USE OF ENGLISH PART 8 re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the ter holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for s which have a similar meaning. In student expresses the sire to fit in with others in the workplace?
1	Dis do If r po	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job? not, would you like to? What are the sitive and negative aspects of this no of work?	REA 2 You ta su w W	DIN ou ai alk al umm ords /hich a c	IG AND USE OF ENGLISH PART 8 re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the eer holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for which have a similar meaning.
1	Dis do If r po	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job? not, would you like to? What are the sitive and negative aspects of this	REA 2 You ta su w W 1	DIN ou an alk al umm ords /hich a c dis	re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the ter holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for which have a similar meaning. In student expresses desire to fit in with others in the workplace? sappointment with the work assigned?
1	Dis do If r po typ	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job? not, would you like to? What are the sitive and negative aspects of this ne of work? AM TIP d the questions before you read	REA 2 Yo ta su w W 1 2 3	DIN ou an alk al umm ords /hich a ce diss cer an fru	re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the ser holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for which have a similar meaning. In student expresses desire to fit in with others in the workplace? sappointment with the work assigned? retainty about their future career direction? noyance at the inadequate financial rewards? restration at the lack of communication?
	Dis do If r po typ Rea the	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job? not, would you like to? What are the sitive and negative aspects of this be of work? MATIP dd the questions before you read texts. Remember that more than	REA 2 You take su w W W 1 2 3 4 5 6	DIN bu ai lk ai umm ords /hich a c diss cei an fru pri	re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the ter holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for which have a similar meaning. In student expresses desire to fit in with others in the workplace? sappointment with the work assigned? retainty about their future career direction? noyance at the inadequate financial rewards? istration at the lack of communication? istration at the lack of communication? istration completed a task?
	Dis do If r po typ	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job? not, would you like to? What are the sitive and negative aspects of this not of work? MTIP d the questions before you read texts. Remember that more than e text may contain information	REA 2 You take su w W W 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7	DIN ou ai lk ai umm ords /hich a ce an fru pri ap	re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the ter holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for which have a similar meaning. In student expresses desire to fit in with others in the workplace? sappointment with the work assigned? retainty about their future career direction? noyance at the inadequate financial rewards? restraction at the lack of communication? ide in having completed a task? preciation of the manual work experience?
	Dis do lf r po typ	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job? not, would you like to? What are the sitive and negative aspects of this be of work? MATIP dd the questions before you read texts. Remember that more than	REA 2 Yo ta su w W 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	DIN all all all all all all all all all al	re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the ter holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for which have a similar meaning. In student expresses desire to fit in with others in the workplace? stappointment with the work assigned? retainty about their future career direction? noyance at the inadequate financial rewards? stration at the lack of communication? istration of the manual work experience? preciation of the manual work experience? reprise at the volume of work?
I E	Dis do do If r po typ	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job? not, would you like to? What are the sitive and negative aspects of this no of work? MTIP d the questions before you read texts. Remember that more than e text may contain information nected to each question, but there	REA 2 Yo ta su w W 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	DIN	re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the ter holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for which have a similar meaning. In student expresses desire to fit in with others in the workplace? sappointment with the work assigned? retainty about their future career direction? noyance at the inadequate financial rewards? stration at the lack of communication? stration at the lack of communication? stration of the manual work experience? reprise at the volume of work? nusement at the attitude of someone? nusement at the attitude of someone?
I E	Dis do do If r po typ	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job? not, would you like to? What are the sitive and negative aspects of this ne of work? M TIP Id the questions before you read texts. Remember that more than text may contain information mected to each question, but there nly one text that answers	REA 2 Yo ta su w W 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	DIN	re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the ter holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for which have a similar meaning. In student expresses desire to fit in with others in the workplace? stappointment with the work assigned? retainty about their future career direction? noyance at the inadequate financial rewards? stration at the lack of communication? istration of the manual work experience? preciation of the manual work experience? reprise at the volume of work?
I E	Dis do do If r po typ	E OF ENGLISH LTIPLE MATCHING scuss with a partner. Have you ever ne work experience or a holiday job? not, would you like to? What are the sitive and negative aspects of this ne of work? M TIP Id the questions before you read texts. Remember that more than text may contain information mected to each question, but there nly one text that answers	REA 2 Yo ta su w W 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	DIN ou ai alk al umm ords /hich a c dis cer an fru pri ap su ad w rea	re going to read an article in which four students bout gaining experience of work during the ter holidays. Read question 1, then look in text B for which have a similar meaning. In student expresses desire to fit in with others in the workplace? sappointment with the work assigned? retainty about their future career direction? noyance at the inadequate financial rewards? stration at the lack of communication? stration at the lack of communication? stration of the manual work experience? reprise at the volume of work? nusement at the attitude of someone? nusement at the attitude of someone?

8 UNIT 1 WORKING IT OUT

Work Experiences Four students talk about gaining experience by doing work placements.

Four students talk about

A Amanda I was over the

given a three-month work placement with a big fashion magazine at the end of the first year of my journalism course. A career in magazines has been my dream since I was about 13, so I was happy to accept a miserly 30 euros a day just to get the experience of working for such a chic and wellrespected publishing organisation. Little did I know what I was letting myself in for. The organisation, contrary to appearances, was utterly chaotic. I was constantly running around and doing everything under the sun, including carrying mail up and down stairs. It was barely tolerable. I hardly had time to have lunch. Managing to get an article I wrote published online was one positive. But when they told me that interns aren't paid for written work ... that was the last straw, and I left. I don't know how they get away with treating interns like that.

c Carlotta

Ever since I was a kid, I've been obsessed

with IT, so it was inevitable that I took computer science at university, and I was lucky to get a not-unreasonably paid work placement with a web design company at the end of my first year. On day one, I was given a list of tasks to do by the company director. Having happily completed every task before lunch time, I told the boss, who said that the list was supposed to last me a whole week! After he'd gone through my work with a fine tooth comb and couldn't find any mistakes, he didn't seem to know what to say and called one of the managers in to find me something else to do. From that point onwards, he just ignored me, which irritated me initially, but was quite comical really. Things took a more productive turn once they'd found something to keep me busy. Nevertheless, it would have saved a lot of time and annoyance if they'd found out a little about me before deciding what I should do for them.

I'm doing education studies at university, so I

considered myself very fortunate to get a paid job as a teaching assistant at a summer school in Manchester. Keen to look the part, I chose my clothes carefully. A jumper and black trousers did the trick. Not a dramatic change from my usual style, really (I'm quite conventional) - just a bit more teacher-like. My first lesson was English. I was ridiculously nervous, despite having prepared meticulously. The head of the English department told me that she'd stay with me for the first 15 minutes of class, which helped calm my nerves, and when she left, I hardly noticed! I was reading the kids a funny story I'd chosen, and they loved it. When the story was over, I got a round of applause! I was delighted with how it had gone, and felt a warm glow of satisfaction. Now that my work placement is over, I'm confident that my decision to study education was the right one. This time next year, I'll be looking for a permanent position!

As an engineering student who had just finished my first year at

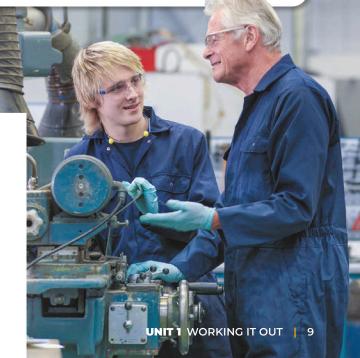
university, I was excited to be offered work experience at a car-parts factory near where I lived. It was a real job, too, where they would pay me - not a lot, admittedly, but sufficiently. My first day was quite overwhelming. All my studies up to that point had been concentrated on theory and coding. This, by contrast, was much more hands-on. After my safety induction, I was led to one of the machines immediately, shown what to do, and then left to it! It took me a while to get up to speed, and I made a few mistakes, but I got the hang of it eventually, thanks to the guidance of one of the old hands there. He had a great sense of humour, and really knew how to work those machines! He told me that by the end of the summer, he would have been working for the company for 40 years. I'm not sure I could stick it out for that long, but it was a decent summer job!

ORACY

Planning points to make

It's a good idea to choose the three main points you think are most important when planning the content of a presentation. Then choose which order they should come in.

- 4 Prepare, practise and deliver a short talk on one of these topics. Don't forget to choose your three main points first.
 - the pros and cons of working part-time while studying.
 - the challenges and rewards of working as an influencer, vlogger or other type of content creator.





FUTURE TENSES



4) 1.2 Listen to an advert for a TV show. How is the world of work changing? Discuss with a partner.

Future tenses

By the end of the decade, many jobs will have disappeared entirely.

The ¹ future perfect simple / future perfect continuous is used to refer to a completed action in the future. This time next week, we'll have been broadcasting for ten vears.

The ² future perfect simple / future perfect continuous is used to focus on the duration of an activity in progress at a time in the future.

- ▶ Grammar reference and practice page 112
- 2 Look at the examples in the grammar box and complete the rules.
- **3** Go to the digital activity.
- 4 Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 This time next year, she'll be working / she'll have been working in the same company for a decade.
 - 2 There's no need to take notes. I'll send / I'll have sent the slides to you after the meeting.
 - **3** A: Any plans for tomorrow? B: No, I'll work / I'm working all weekend.
 - 4 By the time they launch their first product, we'll have been selling / we'll have sold ours for years.
 - 5 Once you know what time the meeting will have finished / finishes, let me know.
 - 6 Over the coming months, this project isn't going to take up / won't have been taking up as much time as before.
 - 7 If we keep spending this much money, we'll be going / we'll have gone over budget by the end of the year.
- 5 Complete the questions with the verb in brackets in the future perfect simple or continuous. Then ask and answer them with a partner.

Ву	the end of this school year	,
1	how long	_ (you / study) English?
2	how many English teacher have)?	rs (you /
Ву	the time of your next birth	day,
3	how many years in formal education?	(you / spend)
4	how long current address?	_ (you / live) at your
Ву	midnight tonight,	
5	how much time on your phone in the past	
6	how long	(you / sleep)?

6	Complete the dialogue with the correct
	future form. Sometimes more than one
	form is possible.

Δ:	So, your interview ¹ (be) at
	4 o'clock tomorrow?
B:	Yes, but I don't know if I ² (go).
	Why not? It's a great company.
	Yes. but it's a brand-new job. Data waste manager. I don't have any experience. I keep worrying about what they 3 (ask) me.
A:	What 4 (you / do) in the office if you get the job? On a daily basis, I mean.
B:	I ⁵ (help) the company
	manage their data and follow data protection laws.
A:	Sounds interesting. How's the salary?
B:	Pretty good. I ⁶ (earn) more
	than I've ever earned before if I get it.
A:	So what's the problem? Surely you want to leave that awful place you're at now.
B:	Definitely. I 7 (work) there for
	eight years next month.
A:	Look, I ⁸ (help) you prepare
	if you like. I ⁹ (have) dinner
	with my sister at seven, but I'm sure we
	10 (finish) by eight. Why don't I
_	give you a call to practise the interview?
B:	Oh, yes please! I ¹¹ (buy) you
	lunch to say thank you!

>>> STRETCH! Research predictions for changes to working life between now and five years' time. Report back to the class. Which ones do you think are the most likely to come true?

7 Collaboration and Teamwork Discuss with a partner. What practical and emotional support could you give a friend who:

- is confused about which career to pursue?
- has a job interview coming up?
- is worried that AI will take their job away?

tomorrow



A SALARY FOR EVERYONE

Meet Kai. He's about to head off to university to study engineering. If everything goes well, he'll be graduating a few years from now. By the time he's 25, he'll have embarked on a successful career, and by the middle of the century, he'll have been plugging away at his chosen job for years ... or will he? There's every chance he won't have been working much at all, and not just because Al will likely have done away with the need for human engineers by then, but rather because he'll no longer need to earn his own salary.

How is that possible? Well, it's all because of Universal Basic Income (UBI), a concept in which all citizens receive a regular sum of money from the government; not enough to enrich them, but freeing them from the need to work. Promoters of UBI argue it will prevent individuals from falling into financial hardship or needing to resort to charity for help. What's more, it will enable all of us to pursue more creative paths in life. It's already been trialled successfully so - on a small scale in Kenya, Finland, the USA and elsewhere, but with Al set to continue shaking up the world of work, and with businesses around the globe laying off more and more staff all the time, its time might finally have come.

Sound unaffordable? Not necessarily. The money to fund UBI could come from the enormous profits which AI companies are bound to continue raking in. After all, given that Al is set to wipe out even more jobs, surely it's only fair that the spoils be shared? How we spend the money will be up to us.

Comments



Bex26 @XX

Love it, Tammy! This will help the poorest in society by taking the pressure off them to keep taking low-paid, insecure jobs.



But why should private companies have to pay? This is just rewarding laziness!



Well, I imagine it will boost mental health. Not having to worry about money will certainly reduce stress!



JasonK @X

Won't work. Companies will just raise their prices if they know everyone's getting free money, so nothing will change.

READING

A BLOG POST



- Discuss with a partner. What do you think *Universal* Basic Income is?
- 2 Read the blog post quickly. Were your ideas in Exercise 1 correct?
- Read the blog post again. Are the statements true or false, or is the information not given?

According to the text:

- 1 Kai has chosen the wrong career path.
- 2 UBI payments will be made to everyone.
- **3** one aim of UBI is to make everyone wealthy.
- 4 some experiments with UBI have failed.
- 5 companies will keep getting rid of workers.
- 6 a redistribution of profits is justified.
- Who is better at supporting their arguments, Bex26 or JasonK? Why?

5 Communication Find out more about the pros and cons of UBI and decide whether you think it's a good or a bad idea. Tell a partner what you think, making sure you explain and justify your ideas.

VOCABULARY

PHRASAL VERBS

- I Find phrasal verbs in the text that mean the following:
 - do something that you do not want to do because you cannot find any other way of achieving something
 - 2 earn a large amount of money
 - 3 eliminate or destroy completely
 - 4 gradually get into a particular situation, usually a bad one
- **2** Go the digital activity.

GRAMMAR

OTHER WAYS TO TALK ABOUT THE FUTURE

1 Watch the grammar vlog and answer Rachel's question at the end.



- 2 Match the phrases in bold to the uses (1-4).
 - I'm about to leave you.
 - We might be on the verge of seeing another big change.
 - You're bound to say yes.
 - The four-day week is (set) to become the norm everywhere.

This phrase:

- 1 can be used to describe actions or events that will likely happen soon.
- 2 can be followed by a noun or a gerund.
- 3 is used in more formal contexts, such as newspaper articles.
- 4 can be used to describe actions or events that we know with complete certainty will happen soon.
 - ▶ Grammar reference and practice page 112
- **3** Go to the digital activity.
- **4** Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 I was bound to accept / on the verge of accepting the first job offer when a better one came up.
 - **2** The report says the government *is on the verge of* raising / is to raise income tax again next year.
 - 3 I can't talk right now, sorry. I'm to go / about to go into a meeting.
 - **4** The company is about to release / set to release the latest version of its app early next year.
 - **5** I reckon AI is to revolutionise / bound to revolutionise the pharmaceutical industry over the coming years.
 - **6** The company was *on the verge of going / to go* bankrupt, but managed to get a last-minute loan.

5 Complete sentences with the words in the box.

about / begin be / appoint bound / forget bound / lay off set / introduce verge / give-up

- 1 If the economy gets any worse, the company even more staff than it did last year.
- 2 It's a good time for us to hire new staff, as we restructuring the department.
- 3 It was announced today that Simpson Electronics a new CEO in the spring.
- Don't ask Tom to bring the documents. He them. You know how unreliable he is!
- 5 I'd been turned down for dozens of summer jobs, _____ when I finally got one as a and was lifeguard.
- 6 The bank __ a new computer system. The old one has been going wrong for years.
- **6** Write sentences using the phrases in the box. Then compare them with a partner's.

about to bound to on the verge of set to is / are to

Our local football team are bound to win the championship this year.



>>> STRETCH! Find out how the following work in your country. Could they be improved in any way?

- sick pay (for when workers are unable to work due to illness)
- holiday entitlement (how many days paid holiday workers can take)
- maternity leave (for pregnant women and mothers)
- paternity leave (for fathers)

DIGITAL CLASSROOM PRACTICE EXTRA UNIT 1

LISTENING

SENTENCE COMPLETION

Look at the photo. What is a 'hand model'? What do you think it is like to work as a hand model? What sort of things would you have to do? Discuss the questions with a partner.



- 2 Look at the first question of the exam task. What kind of word fits in the gap?
 - 1 Mark explains that a(n) suggested that he should become a hand model.
- 3 (1) 1.4 Now listen and complete the sentence.
- 4 Look at the recording script. What part of the script gives you the wrong answer? Why is it wrong?

Hi, I'm Mark and I'm here today to tell you about my unusual job - hand modelling. When I graduated with a degree in drama, I wasn't getting any work. My aunt, who used to be a model, suggested I try modelling. So, I enrolled with an agent, who recommended that I focus on my hands - he clearly thought they were my best feature!

EXAM TASK LISTENING PART 2

EXAM TIP

Read each gapped sentence before you listen and note what kind of word will go in the gap. Often, more than one word fits grammatically, but there is only one correct answer.

5 (1) 1.5 Now complete the rest of the task.

You will hear a hand model, called Mark, giving a talk about his work. For questions 1-8, complete the sentences with a word or short phrase.

2	Mark says that	provides most of
	his employment.	

- **3** Mark uses the word to describe his earnings as a hand model.
- is what Mark enjoys most about hand modelling.
- **5** Mark had to give up because of his job.
- 6 After using moisturiser, Mark sometimes on his hands in bed at wears night.
- **7** Mark uses the phrase to describe the condition hand models should keep their hands in.
- 8 Mark believes that, in addition to perfect hands, is the most important thing for a hand model to have.

ORACY

Controlling the volume and projection of your voice

It's important to breathe properly when speaking as it helps to control your voice.

6 Choose a text from this unit. Try saying a few lines breathing normally. Then say the same lines breathing from your diaphragm. Can you hear the difference?

SPEAKING

TALKING ABOUT AND COMPARING PHOTOS

- 1 Work in pairs. Look at the photos on page 124 and talk about what it might be like doing these jobs. Which job would you prefer, and why?
- 2 In this part of the exam, you should use words and phrases for comparison, contrast and speculation. Put the words and phrases below into the correct columns.

A major difference is By contrast I suspect It could be that I would imagine I would think On the other hand Whereas / While

Speculation **Comparison / Contrast**

EXAM TASK SPEAKING PART 2

EXAM TIP

You don't need to describe the photos in detail. Instead, compare, contrast, and refer to them to answer the questions you are asked, using speculative language.

- **3** Work in pairs and take turns to talk about two of the photos, answering these two questions:
 - 1 How difficult might it be to do these jobs?
 - 2 How might the people be feeling?

Then your partner should look at all three photos and say who they think is happiest in their job and why.

4 Watch the video of two candidates talking about the photos. Do they answer well?



Why? / Why not? What words of comparison and speculation do they use?

WRITING

A PROPOSAL

- 1 Look at the photo of a careers fair. What might the benefits be of going to a careers fair? Why might a company want to take part in one? Discuss the questions with a partner.
- 2 Read the task and answer the questions.
 - 1 Who will read the proposal?
 - 2 What information must be included in order for the target reader to make a decision?
 - 3 Is the tone formal, informal or neutral?

A proposal

In your college, you would like to set up an annual careers fair - an event where employers from various industries are present to answer questions from students and help them find a career which suits them. You decide to write a proposal to your college principal in which you outline why you think companies would take part, describe how it could be organised, and explain why it would be beneficial to the college and its students.

3 Read the proposal. Match the headings in the box to the paragraphs (A-E).

Benefits Conclusion Introduction Organisation Why companies participate



- 4 Which of the language functions below would you find in a typical proposal?
 - describing
- explaining
- thanking
- persuading
- recommending

suggesting

- complaining
- enquiring
- 5 Read the conclusion (paragraph E) of the proposal again, and answer the questions.
 - 1 Does it present any new information?
 - 2 What is its purpose?
 - **3** Does it restate the position of the writer?
- **6** Complete the text with the words and phrases below. Some can be put in more than one place.

as a consequence of as a result of due to in order to lead to owing to

A The purpose of this proposal is to make the case that an annual careers fair should be organised by the college. B	Formal invitations could be sent out to local and national businesses, as well as public bodies such as the police force and local government. As the event approaches, advertising would need to be arranged so that students are encouraged to attend.
In a careers fair, local businesses and other	D
organisations are invited to present themselves to students, and answer questions about what they do. Most companies are keen to accept the invitation, because public awareness of their products or services rises ¹ taking part. Moreover, ² the large number of students attending, it improves the company's chances of finding potential future employees.	Many students have found full-time employment 5 attending a careers fair. Others have embarked on careers which they had not previously considered. However, it is not just the students who would benefit. I believe it would also help the college to raise its profile among successful businesses and organisations. E
C	E
As far as the location of such an event is concerned, I believe the sports hall would be ideal ³ its size and accessibility. A committee could be created ⁴ deal with	To sum up, an annual careers fair would be of great benefit to students, and ⁶ an improved relationship between the college and local employers. I would strongly recommend setting one up.

the practicalities and set a date for the event.