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with Audio

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1 VOCABULARY: Facing challenges

A Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

accept adapt resist survive tackle underestimate welcome

- 1 Law school students often underestimate the amount of homework they will get. It is usually more than they expected.
- 2 Marisol finally decided to _____ graduate school. She plans to start next year.
- 3 She didn't take the job because she couldn't _____ the low salary.
- 4 When Daniel moved from Boston to Phoenix, it took him a few months to _____ to the hot climate.
- 5 I did not think I would _____ my first year as a doctor because it was so difficult. Luckily, kind coworkers helped me get through it.
- 6 If you _____ making changes in your life, you won't grow or have new experiences.
- 7 My boss told me I was _____ to participate in the meeting.



B Match the challenges with the correct solution.

- | | | |
|---|----------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 You can't take crowds. | <u>e</u> | a Study in Mexico. |
| 2 You're capable of managing people. | ___ | b Use a good map. |
| 3 You underestimated the amount of time you needed. | ___ | c Don't go to graduate school. |
| 4 You're frightened of getting lost. | ___ | d Look for training opportunities. |
| 5 You got through medical school. | ___ | e Don't move to a big city. |
| 6 You want to take a step forward in your career. | ___ | f You expect to earn a good salary. |
| 7 You can't get a grip on Spanish. | ___ | g You'll be a good boss. |
| 8 You can't cope with studying for a higher degree. | ___ | h Schedule more time for the task. |

2 GRAMMAR: Present habits

A Circle the correct answer to complete each sentence.

- 1 Ivan ___ friends easily. He'll meet a lot of new people when he moves.
 - a tends to making
 - b tends to make**
 - c is making
- 2 When I'm looking for a new job, ___ to as many companies as possible.
 - a I'm applying
 - b I applied
 - c I apply

- 3 I ___ trying to learn new skills. I think that's the key to success.
- a am constantly
 - b tend to
 - c constantly
- 4 When I take a difficult class, I ___ my professor for help at least once a week.
- a am asking
 - b always asking
 - c ask
- 5 I ___ for different ways to stay healthy. Yesterday, I went to a new exercise class.
- a always look
 - b always looking
 - c am always look
- 6 When ___ bored with my classes, I think about changing my major.
- a feel
 - b I'm feeling
 - c I'm feel

B Complete the sentences using the correct form of the verbs in parentheses.

- 1 I'm always wondering what my life will be like when I retire. (wonder, retire)
- 2 When she's _____ stressed, she usually _____ her friend Stephan for support. (feel, call)
- 3 He tends to _____ more after he _____ a new exercise routine. (eat, start)
- 4 I often _____ about changing my career to something completely different. (think)
- 5 He's always _____ his friends that they should travel if they ever _____ the chance. (tell, get)
- 6 I tend to _____ very excited for people when they _____ they're getting married. (get, announce)
- 7 He's always _____ for new opportunities to make money and will _____ all of his friends to support him. (look, ask)

3 GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

A Complete the sentences so that they are true for you.

- 1 I tend to resist trying new kinds of food.
- 2 I usually underestimate _____.
- 3 I'm feeling encouraged by _____.
- 4 I survive difficult times by _____.
- 5 I'm always adapting to _____.
- 6 I tend to accept _____.

B Write three more sentences with information that is true for you. Use *tend to*, *will*, and the present continuous.



1 VOCABULARY: Describing annoying things

A Choose the correct words or phrases to complete each sentence.

- 1 I always feel _____ when I give a presentation. I don't like to speak in public.
 (a) awkward b frustrating
- 2 I study Arabic and I think the grammar is _____. I don't fully understand it yet.
 a a waste of time b complex
- 3 It takes time to find a new job, so don't _____. Just take a break, and then try again.
 a lose patience b get on your nerves
- 4 Can you please stop whistling? It's starting to _____.
 a drive you crazy b get on my nerves
- 5 To me, nothing is more _____ than when coworkers are late for a meeting.
 a time-consuming b infuriating
- 6 I used to think school was _____. When I got older, I realized how valuable it had been.
 a a waste of time b clumsy
- 7 The early days of the internet were _____ because it took a long time to connect to websites, and then the connection was frequently lost.
 a frustrating b hard to operate
- 8 Writing a research paper is so _____. I wish I could write more quickly.
 a tricky b time-consuming
- 9 I remember my first cell phone. It was _____ until I learned how it worked. Then, it was very easy.
 a time-consuming b hard to operate
- 10 Understanding modern technology can be _____, especially for people from older generations who didn't grow up with it.
 a tricky b hard to operate



2 GRAMMAR: Past habits

A Correct the mistakes in each sentence. There may be more than one way to correct each mistake.

- 1 When I got sick, my grandmother would ^{make} ~~made~~ me chicken soup.
- 2 Before texting, we don't use to be in touch with our friends so often.
- 3 I would ate soup every day until I felt better.
- 4 I used to love go to the video store to rent movies.
- 5 My parents didn't used to let me watch a lot of television.
- 6 We used to played cards and board games instead.
- 7 I never use to like playing video games.
- 8 I am used to read books on rainy days.

B Change the sentences to show past habits. Use *(not/never) used to* or *would (not)*. There may be more than one answer.

1 They exchanged gifts on the holidays.

They would exchange gifts on the holidays.

2 She cuts her daughter's hair.

3 He took a lot of photographs.

4 We don't play video games.

5 I picked them up from school.

6 You never study for your exams.

3 GRAMMAR AND VOCABULARY

A Imagine you grew up in a time without the inventions in the box below. Write sentences about your past habits before these inventions. Use *(not/never) used to*, or *would (not)* and the vocabulary from exercise 1A.

cars electricity eye glasses internet smartphones washing machines

1 It used to be frustrating to travel to new cities before smartphones were invented
because I would often get lost.

2

3

4

5

6



1 LISTENING

A  **1.01** Listen to the conversation and circle the correct answer.

- 1 According to Professor Silva, what is confusing for the students?
 - a how they survived without smartphones in the past
 - b the different rules on smartphones in class
 - c why they have to have discussions with each other in class
- 2 What does Professor Novak think about smartphones in class?
 - a She uses them too much.
 - b They're useful in a lot of ways.
 - c They shouldn't be allowed.
- 3 By the end of the conversation, both professors:
 - a lose their patience.
 - b disagree with each other.
 - c agree that cell phones can help students.

**2 CRITICAL THINKING**

A **THINK CRITICALLY** What are the advantages and disadvantages of using a smartphone in a language class? How could it help you with reading, pronunciation, and listening?

3 SPEAKING

A Put the conversation in order.

- ___ A Yeah, standing in line for tickets and popcorn was part of the excitement. Generally speaking, movies aren't as much fun now. Sure, you can watch from home, but you have to watch it alone or with only a few friends. It was better watching a great movie with a big crowd of people.
- ___ B Count me in! As for *Star Wars*, I have a costume for almost every character. I'll be there.
- 1 A It's so easy to watch movies nowadays, but I really miss going to the theater.
- ___ A When it comes to wearing costumes, I usually have a costume party every time a new *Star Wars* movie comes out. You should come next time. It'll be a lot of fun.
- ___ B That is so true! Remember when the first *Harry Potter* movie came out? There were so many people there. Everyone wore costumes of their favorite characters. It was like a big party.
- ___ B I couldn't agree more. I miss it, too. Overall, watching movies is easy nowadays, but it's also boring. I used to love standing in line to get tickets, buy popcorn ...



B Choose one of the topics. Write a conversation between two people. Use phrases for discussing issues and agreeing strongly.

- 1 People are healthier now than they used to be.
- 2 We used to communicate with each other more frequently.
- 3 Classroom teaching has improved because of technology.
- 4 Social media is a waste of time.

A _____

B _____

A _____

B _____

A _____

B _____

1 READING

- A **IDENTIFY MAIN IDEAS** What types of activities could tourists do on a farm? Make a list and then read the text to check your answers.



TAKING TOURISM BACK TO ITS ROOTS

Home News About

These days, it often seems like computers do everything for us. But even with all the progress that technology has made, there is comfort in the traditional ways of life. That's why agritourism is on the rise and should continue to be promoted.

Agritourism refers to activities for tourists that take place on a farm or a ranch. There are two main goals of agritourism: to provide meaningful experiences for tourists and to help the farm industry stay alive. The farming economy has suffered. The cost of farm equipment has increased and younger generations don't want to cope with the difficult life of farming, so there is no one to carry on the work.

However, agritourism, which is a branch of eco-tourism, is now a fast-growing part of the travel and tourism economy, and is helping the farm industry improve.

Perhaps you've taken part in this style of tourism without knowing it. Many experiences count as agritourism, such as

touring a ranch or visiting a vineyard. Maybe you've visited a farm and collected fresh eggs, or learned to perform some of the many farming tasks that must be tackled on a daily basis.

Because there is agritourism around the world, many opportunities are available. Tourists can spend the weekend at a farm in the California mountains where they learn how to milk a cow and make cheese, but they can also take tea plantation tours in Taiwan, gather figs at a fig farm in Spain, and enjoy many other experiences where they can be close to nature.

Overall, ranches and farms welcome agritourism. One American study found that in the state of Virginia alone, agritourism supported more than 20,000 jobs and generated \$840 million in income. It has been a big step forward in keeping the farming industry alive.

- B **IDENTIFY SPECIFIC INFORMATION** Read the article again. Then answer the questions.

- 1 How do tourists benefit from agritourism? _____
- 2 How does the farm industry benefit from agritourism? _____
- 3 Why has the farming economy suffered in recent years? _____
- 4 What states and countries are mentioned where tourists can experience agritourism? _____
- 5 How did agritourism benefit the state of Virginia? _____

- C **IDENTIFY SPECIFIC INFORMATION** Read the article again. Find three agritourism activities a tourist may experience.

2 CRITICAL THINKING

- A **THINK CRITICALLY** Why do you think the agritourism industry has become so successful? Would you be interested in an agritourism experience? Why or why not?
